

FACTORS AFFECTING THE WELFARE OF THE POPULATION AND ITS LEVEL

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ANNOTATION

This article discusses population social protection, satisfaction of material, spiritual, and social needs, improvement of living standards and creation of amenities for the population, support of small businesses and private entrepreneurship, service and work-related spheres, and citizen employment by labor institutions in Uzbekistan.

Keywords: social protection, social needs, labor institutions, employment, welfare of the population.

INTRODUCTION

The system of directly targeted guarantees that the state provides to the population for excellent living activities is known as population social protection. In other words, the social protection system should be constructed not only around the narrow borders of market system efficacy, but also around the purpose of resolving difficulties of actual socio-economic efficiency. Simultaneously, social protection makes significant use of the industrial relations system, the current situation of the international economy, and develops in accordance with modern needs. In Uzbekistan, the word "standard of living" is more commonly used to describe the level of satisfaction of the population's material, spiritual, and social demands. More life rate statistics can be described in this way. Simultaneously, the standard of living is a dynamic process driven by a variety of circumstances. The composition and level of needs for various blessings, which are constantly changing, determine the standard of living; on the other hand, the opportunities for satisfaction, the situation in the market for goods and services, the population's income, and the wage of workers determine the standard of living.

The process of social wants satisfaction produces conditions for population life activities. The term of "quality of life" is used to describe these circumstances. Many elements have an impact on one's quality of life.

The issue of gasification of apartments and establishing the cost of natural gas supplied to the public is also significant in the process of enhancing the population's standard of living and generating comfort. Natural gas is provided to the people of our Republic at reasonable prices when compared to the armies' countries.

The aims of our state's social policy are to improve the living conditions of every member of the population, to extend possibilities for learning, to promote health, and to increase the capacity for involvement in socially beneficial employment as a labor force. In this sense, the first and most important responsibility in guaranteeing population protection is linked to man's perfection, his function and status in the family and society. The degree to which a society's humanism is measured is determined not only by the country's economic potential, but also by how successfully that potential is directed toward the well-being and holistic development of each individual.

The employment of the people is another aspect that influences the population's well-being and level. It is one of the most significant aspects of a society's socioeconomic growth, and it is especially important in the economy. In Uzbekistan, large-scale work is being done to improve population employment and promote the support and development of small businesses and private entrepreneurship, service and home-based industries, production and social infrastructure as the most important direction for improving the country's well-being.

As a result of individuals who apply to employment agencies in search of job, the number of employed people grows year after year, while the number and level of unemployed people is expected to decline. The fundamental cause behind this is as follows:

1. The rise of the employed population and the economically active population
2. The presence of a large number of vacancies that employment agencies offer, the improvement of citizens' employment activities, and, as a result, the employment of the majority of those who apply for employment;
3. The presence of a large number of vacancies that employment agencies offer, the improvement of citizens' employment activities, and, as a result, the employment of the majority of those who apply for employment.

Along with citizens being employed by employment agencies, much work is being done to coordinate labor market demand and supply, prepare unemployed citizens for various professions, organize paid public works, organize labor fairs, conduct research on labor market demand and supply, promote the growth of demand in this market, and carry out social guarantees.

The most important factor influencing the population's well-being and level is electricity. In our country, the average annual amount of power produced is 69-72 billion kWh/year, and this figure is expected to double by 2030. As a result of the entry of market forces into the energy sector, 19 public-private partnership projects totaling 7.4 billion dollars have been implemented, with 12 deals inked so far.

In 2020, renewable energy sources produced an average of 29 percent of the world's electricity consumption. Alternative energy, on the other hand, accounts for 40-60% of total power in developed countries' energy systems. In nations where "QTEM"s are widely utilized, hydropower accounts for a significant portion of the total, and in other cases, it accounts for 100 percent of the total.

According to the "Congress of the Republic of Uzbekistan on electricity supply in 2020-2030," produced and approved by the Ministry of Energy, it is planned to build 5 MW solar photovoltaic and 3 MW wind power plants to expand the number of industrial-scale "QTEM" power plants. It is planned to raise the share of hydropower resources by 15% in the near future, as well as the share of total electricity produced from the "QTEM" account by more than 25%.

These plans are being implemented at the same time as the construction and renewal of new electricity networks, the digitization of the energy system, the construction of flexible energy sources and the renovation of the portfolio of old thermal power plants, the coordination of Central Asia's regional energy systems, and an increase in personnel professional training.

One of the hot topics is establishing cooperation with foreign financial institutions in the development of "QTEM"s electrical projects through a Public-Private Partnership. Their

technical assistance in guaranteeing the transparency of their decisions about the restoration of these solar and wind power plants is especially challenged. This allows for the efficient and transparent coordination of selection procedures without compromising the attractiveness of investment projects or foreign investor interest.

For example, with the technical cooperation of the International Financial Corporation, Saudi Arabia's Abu Dhabi future energy company-Masdar won the solar photovoltaic station construction project (Solar scaling) competition in 2019. (IFC). "Masdar" rehabilitated a 100-MW solar power plant in the Navoi region, and began supplying "green energy" to the unified energy system on August 27 this year. The annual "QFES" is 260 million kWh. The clock has the ability to produce electricity. This is the equivalent of producing power with an annual natural gas use of 80 million cubic meters. This project entailed a foreign investment of 70 million dollars.

The competitions for the building of "QFES" with a capacity of 220 MW in Kattakurgan District of Samarkand and Gallaorol District of Jizzakh with IFC were finished, and contracts were signed with the winners. "Masdar" has set a new low of 1 kW. An average electricity rate of 1.6 US cents per hour is planned.

The development of the use of renewable energy resources in our country ensures the Prevention of environmental problems, the replacement of the demand for fossil energy resources and the development of a new economic sphere. After all, native nature is wonderfully endowed with its beminat — flowing rivers, sunny days, and windy regions — and the correct utilization of these priceless blessings serves to illuminate our country's houses and provide comfort to its people.

To summarize, issues related to the effectiveness of health care, education, population employment, development of entrepreneurship and local infrastructure, improvement of the state of the environment, and the use of nature and land resources are of paramount importance in the implementation of the programs adopted in our country. In essence, all of this is in line with and consistent with the notion of Human Development, which aims to provide favorable conditions for the complete realization of human perfection, including its spiritual and material needs.

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