

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LITERATURE AND LANGUAGE: THE ROLE OF LANGUAGE IN LITERATURE AND THE POSSIBILITIES OF ITS EXPRESSION

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ABSTRACT

This paper analyzes the relationship between literature and language, sheds light on the role of language in the literature and possibilities of its expression. Literature primarily uses language as the primary medium for the transmission of thoughts, ideas, and feelings. Through language, writers create images in their pieces, drawing readers into events.

Keywords: Literature, language, expression, aesthetics, imagery, emotions, social issues, culture, styles, metaphor, development, writers, learning process, communication, diversity.

INTRODUCTION

Literature and language are concepts that are very closely linked to each other. Language is a means of expressing people's thoughts, feelings, and experiences, while literature is the creative expression of these expressions in an art form. The role of language in literature is important in its perception as an aesthetic work, as well as in the transmission of spiritual and social content.

1. Illustrativeness: In literature, it is possible to create images through language. With the help of figurative words, metaphors and symbols, the author shows his point to the readers. For example, the phrase "the rays of the sun are as pure as flowing water" describes beauty to its readers.

2. Expression of emotions: With the help of language, it is possible to express a person's emotions, mood, and inner state. Various methods and techniques are used in the literature to convey strong emotions. For example, the poems describe the emotions of the lyrical hero in depth.

3. Raising social issues: Literature can reveal social issues through language. In their works, the authors raise problems in society and encourage readers to reflect on those problems.

4. Reflection of culture: Language manifests culture through literature. The language of each people reflects its history, traditions. The literature describes the customs, values and way of life of the people with the help of language.

5. Aesthetic possibilities of language: In literature, language is not only a means of conveying meaning, but also aesthetically important. With the help of elements such as rhythm, sound, alliteration, the beauty of the work is enhanced.

Literature enriches and develops the language. Writers create new words, phrases and styles, which can lead to innovations in the language. It also helps to form a national identity through the language of literature. However, the rules for the use of language can be more relaxed in the literature. Writers often deviate from traditional rules and create new styles. This process of creativity brings novelty to literature.

1. The role of language in literature a. Means of communication: Language is the main medium in literature for exchanging ideas, expressing

emotions and conveying ideas between people. Through works of literature, authors convey their thoughts, views, and feelings to their readers. b. Aesthetic expression: In literature, language is not only meaning-giving, but also aesthetically important. In the work of writers, the rhythm of language, sounds and sounds are harmoniously harmonized, which makes the work all more beautiful. For example, poems are often written according to the rules, which creates their music.

4. Language and emotion a. Expression of emotions: Expression of emotions in literature is very important. Writers make extensive use of the power of language to express a variety of emotions – love, hate, grief. For example, through lyrical poems, poets describe their inner world very deeply. b. Readers' emotions: Works created using language can evoke different emotions in readers. In the process of reading, a person feels himself in the company of the hero, which shows the powerful influence of literature.

5. Modern trends Today, the influence of modern languages in literature is increasing. New words and phrases are popping up through the internet and social media. This situation also causes innovations in literature - writers create new works inspired by the modern way of life. Interactive literature and multimedia elements are also evolving, which makes the reading process more interesting.

1. Communication Tool Language is, first of all, the primary medium for transmitting thoughts, ideas and feelings. In works of literature, authors use language to convey their thoughts and emotions to their readers. Through this, readers will have access to the author's inner world, his views and life experiences.

2. Aesthetic Element In literature, language is not only meaning-giving, but also aesthetically significant. Writers use different styles, metaphors, symbols, and images to infuse their works with beauty. For example, in a poem, rhythm and tone make the language more attractive, which evokes deep emotions in the readers.

The possibilities of language for expressing emotions in literature are endless. Writers use a variety of techniques to express complex emotions in depth, such as love, sadness, hate, etc. Their emotions affect their readers, encouraging them to express their feelings as well.

5. Social and Cultural Content Language plays an important role in raising social issues and reflecting culture in literature. Writers shine a light on issues in society through literature, which can be about social injustices, equality, or tradition. Also, the language of each nation reflects its history and culture.

6. Development of Language New words and phrases emerge through the language of literature. Writers create new techniques that help enrich and develop language. This process leads to the introduction of innovations in the language and increases creativity in the language.

7. Impact on the Learning Process Works created using language can evoke different emotions in readers. In the process of reading, a person feels himself with the hero or can directly influence the course of events. This shows the powerful influence of literature.

Literature and language are interrelated concepts that together play an important role in the expression of human thoughts. Language enriches itself through literature and expands its aesthetic possibilities. At the same time, literature raises social issues through language and reflects culture. Of course! Let us analyze the relationship between literature and language in

more depth. While reviewing this topic, we will include a few key points. Literature and language are closely related concepts that together play an important role in the expression of human thoughts. Language enriches itself through literature and expands its aesthetic possibilities; It also raises social issues through the language of literature and reflects the culture. The role of language in literature is very important and multifaceted. It shapes many aspects of literature and deepens its content.

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