

THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF YOUTH ENTREPRENEURSHIP WITH THE MODERNIZATION OF SOCIETY AND INNOVATIVE IDEAS

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ABSTRACT

The development of any society depends on the introduction of modernization and innovative technologies into the life of society in the context of globalization today has been discussed in the present article, including the connection of entrepreneurship with modernization and innovation and innovative technologies, an analysis of the opinions of scientists on the concepts of modernization and innovation carried out in Uzbekistan.

Keywords: Society, modernization, innovation, globalization, entrepreneurship, business, economics, institutional, entrepreneurship, computer science, globalization, communicative linguistics, cultural anthropology, technology, human, sociological, conceptual.

INTRODUCTION

In Uzbekistan one of the actual issues still remains of wide involvement of young people in entrepreneurship, the formation of a business mood in them. Therefore, it is of great importance to create a favorable working environment for the development of small business and private entrepreneurship with the participation of young people in all regions of our country, to study the influence of jobs and the prestige of adolescents capable of work, business. The development of small business and private entrepreneurship in our country, improving the standard of living of the people by attracting our youth to this on a large scale, increasing the real income and ensuring employment of the population is at the same time one of the urgent tasks. Therefore, in the process of globalization today, the acceleration of the development of society increases the role of the human factor. In our country, "every family — Entrepreneur", "our youth future" and other social programs aimed at attracting a wide layer of the population to entrepreneurship and expanding their sources of income, ensuring the employment of young people in the regions are active actions aimed at engaging the population in entrepreneurial activities, improving their lifestyle and increasing social activity in society. As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev noted: "New Uzbekistan is a country of wide economic opportunities. One of the main principles of our economic policy — if every citizen is rich — the state will be rich, if every family is prosperous — the country will be prosperous. We need to turn the new Uzbekistan into a country of wide opportunities for all citizens who dream of success by working honestly, strive to ensure the well-being of themselves and their family through entrepreneurship, and want to serve their homeland and people diligently" [2022.— B. 144.]. The conclusion, which has such methodological, practical significance, confirms that the role of entrepreneurial activity in social, economic development is of conceptual importance.

It is then that the deepening of the relations of the market economy in the conditions of New Uzbekistan sets the task of organizing the social, economic development of the country on an innovative basis, with the involvement of new technologies in the commodity production and service system, to meet the high requirements of the members of the society. In such conditions, the desire to profit in the activities of business entities, the adaptation of the activities of representatives of small businesses, individual entrepreneurs to structural changes in the market economy occurs, a multi-sectoral situation is observed in the rapidly developing areas of the economy.

LITERATURE ANALYSIS AND METHODS

The topic of the connection of the development of youth entrepreneurship with the modernization of society and innovative ideas is primarily covered on the basis of systematic analysis, a positive survey and historicism and logic. Consequently, innovation ideas based on innovation ideas and technology in young people, entrepreneurship involvement in young people has been expressed in the research of a number of scientists and researchers. The text of the lecture "attracting young people to entrepreneurship, formation of innovative thinking in them" prepared by the Chamber of Commerce and industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan (T.: 2013y). As well as legal basis for supporting entrepreneurial activity has been researched by S.B.Babakulov. It should be noted that the materials of the scientific and practical conference on the topic "The issues of improving the effectiveness of the implementation of laws aimed at supporting entrepreneurial activity" are studied within the framework of the topic. Hence "The ideological and political basis for attracting young people to entrepreneurship". (T. "Academy" 2014.149 and "Family business and family values (tutorial)". - T.: "Academy" publishing house, 2013.197) investigated by the professor V.Kuchkarov.

Naturally, in the era of modernization, new ideas, technologies, theories appear. Examples of these are new directions in disciplines such as Informatics, globalism, communicative linguistics, cultural anthropology. In fact, interest in it is growing day by day, since the problem of modernization is extremely urgent. In particular, scientists from Uzbekistan analyze this process in different ways and conduct scientific research. In particular, the problems of the development of education in young people stated by professor A.Begmatov, including these problems are highlighted in the works of S. Norqulov. Philosophers who devoted to their works concerning the influence of Science and new technologies on the processes of modernization, their interaction have been studied by the philosophers of M.Abdullaeva, S.Otamurodov, I.Saifnazarov, B.To'ychiev, M.Nurmatova, S.Mamashokirov, A.Kadyrov and others. Among the scientists who studied the issues of expanding the modernizing worldview in young people – Sh.Madaeva, K.Tulenova, M.Kahharova, K.Djavakova, F.Yuldasheva . N.Shermukhamedova, R.Bahodirov. The E.Izzetovas were the ones who tried to establish scientific justification of the place of modernization in scientific cognition and social relations.

DISCUSSION

Now we will try to make a broader analysis of innovation and the scientific opinions and views advanced about it. It is known that among the medieval eastern thinker Abu Nasr Forobi's

ideas about the development of the state and society continue to attract the attention of the scientific community to this day. The thoughts of the thinker about introducing innovations into public administration and ensuring well-being through it also make us relevant for our time. "Sometimes leaders are entrepreneurs of the same city, entrepreneurs in jobs related to the life of the people of the city. They learn these directions from past leaders, but at the same time, the leader must reform the image of the past for the future, the image of the past, the instructions, and if he finds a profit, he will change them depending on the circumstances of life. It is also necessary to change the past, which expresses bad habits in itself. Otherwise there will be no lightness, change and growth in marriage if the demands of the past are followed and his mood is maintained"[1994. – B.189-190.] Considering, in this opinion, exactly, although the word innovation is not used, there is a real meaning of the word innovation in it. As each era had its own management method, the leading individuals of the time used the positive management methods and tools gained by those who had worked as leaders before them. In this regard, the views of Abu Ali ibn Sina are also noteworthy.

Naturally, of particular importance is the opinion of the thinker on the role and importance of knowledge in human activities, on the application of the acquired knowledge in life. In his opinion, the spiritual and spiritual world of a person is formed throughout knowledge, knowledge and practical life. After all, life cannot be without knowledge, and knowledge is useless without practice. When we pay attention to the formation of the concept of innovation, it turns out that this concept began to be used in philosophical literature mainly from the late 19th century. Initially, this philosophical concept was applied in various meanings, in particular, in the sense of the introduction of new habits into the life of society, as Abu Nasr Farabi noted. Later, it began to be approached more differently and was seen as a reality related to the economic life.

The "National Encyclopedia of Uzbekistan" describes the concept as: innovation (Eng. innovation - introduced innovation, invention) - 1) funds spent on the economy to ensure the replacement of generations of technology and Technology; 2) innovations in such fields as Technology, Technology, Management and labor organization based on scientific and technological achievements and advanced experience, as well as their application in various fields and spheres of activity" [2002.– B.169].

As a result of modernization and reforms in our country, the process of analyzing the philosophical foundations of innovation has begun even by modern Uzbek philosophers. Including A.Begmatov's research was the first step in the study of socio-philosophical aspects of innovative reforms in our country. The author emphasizes innovative activity as a result of the phenomena of innovative consciousness, touching on the phenomenon of innovative human formation, acknowledging that a new stage of development leads to the innovative development. Researcher A.Akhmedov, on the other hand, in his scientific research, "Thoroughly analyzed civil-legal relations in the field of innovative activities, explaining the legal essence of innovation and innovation process: improving legal protection practices, studying the experience of developed countries on updating civil legislation on the implementation of innovative activities, developed proposals and recommendations for finding solutions the problems of legal regulation of innovative activities"[2017–B. 58.] In this occasion A. Egamberdiev stated: "Innovation is the process of creating material and spiritual wealth

based on the new thinking and activities of members of society, as a result of which significant positive changes in socio-economic life have arisen”[2019 – P.40.]. It can be seen that the definitions of the concept of innovation, the approaches of the analysis are different. The reason is that the word innovation refers to different areas, and even European scientists have not come to a single conclusion on this concept.

An american scholar Scott Elias, who conducted philosophical research on this, connects us innovation processes with antiquity. More precisely puts it close to creativity. “The role of the human mind in the development of scientific creativity, its complication, social intelligence, discovery in science and the emergence of new models of creativity as a result of this are of significant scientific importance,” [2012. - P.1.].

RESULTS

Since in the process of establishing a new Uzbekistan, the importance of entrepreneurship in social life, including youth entrepreneurship, its legal mechanisms have also been developed and strengthened. In particular, legislative acts regulating the support of youth entrepreneurship are the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On State Youth Policy” No. 406 of September 14, 2016, the Presidential Decree of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 13, 2020 “On the improvement of the system of entrepreneurship and additional measures for the development of entrepreneurship” PQ-4862, PQ-April 20, 2021 “On, decrees” PF-6208 “On additional measures for their social protection and meaningful Organization of free time are reflected in the decrees of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan of December 21, 2021” on additional measures to attract young people to entrepreneurship and support their business initiatives “No. 765, June 7, 2022” on measures to further improve the system Also, paragraph 4 of the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 21, 2024 “on the state program on implementation of the strategy” Uzbekistan – 2030 in the Year of “Youth and business support” in order to broaden entrepreneurship among young people and create additional opportunities for doing business:

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev in his Address to the Supreme Assembly called the year of 2018 “Year of active entrepreneurship, innovation ideas and technology support”, following its proposal to name the consistent implementation of modernization processes in our country on the basis of Innovations has been set as a priority. In fact, the policy of state innovation is formed and implemented based on the recognition of the priorities of innovation activities in order to increase the competitiveness of domestic products, ensure sustainable economic growth, increase the quality and level of life of the population, ensure technological and environmental safety.

The main goal of the state innovation policy is to create economic, legal and organizational conditions that ensure the growth of competitiveness of domestic products for innovation activities, the effective use of Science and technology achievements, the solution of socio-economic development issues, and to strengthen the defense capabilities of the country, the security of the individual, society and the state. Scientific activity has been and will remain the most active area of Public Policy.

It is worth saying that the scientific idea cannot be applied directly in economic activities. Organizations therefore take a slow approach to funding research, although there is a great

need for it. In the current conditions, the state takes on the function of providing business, or rather, providing it with scientific knowledge and ideas. It is for this reason that the official documents of advanced countries treat scientific and technological progress as a single chain, the production of scientific ideas, the widespread application or use of innovation business[2014.-P-14].

Today's time is a time of high technologies, innovations. Uzbekistan also sets itself the task of moving to an innovative economy, relying on scientific achievements. This is especially evident in the processes associated with the modernization of the country. It follows that the ancient forms of philosophical creation form the basis of today's innovation. This approach to innovation would be appropriate to say that Abu Nasr stands close to Forobi's teaching. For Forobius' thoughts on a new society are also the result of scientific and philosophical creation. Russian scientist O. Shuplenkov analyzes innovations from the point of view of human creative activity on the basis of changes in society and gives it the following definition: "Innovation is a process in the quality of creativity, the result of changes associated with the recognition or application of new elements (models, forms) of material and intangible culture.) in this or that social system"[2013.P- 21]. New directions are emerging in the development of social consciousness and thinking. After all, contemplation allows for the origin of innovative ideas. This opens up opportunities for young entrepreneurs. This opportunity will come in handy for young entrepreneurs in their activities. Affects the ability to think. Motivates to draw logical conclusions. The intellectual level, knowledge, appropriation, interest in innovation and the features of being able to manifest new ideas, approaches on the basis of creative thinking serve as a connecting factor of innovation and youth entrepreneurship in the reform process. In attracting our young people to entrepreneurship, their level of knowledge, use of computer technology is important.

CONCLUSION

It is worth noting from the above points that, the connection of the development of youth entrepreneurship with the modernization of society and innovative ideas is directly and indirectly justified by a number of factors. An important aspect in this is from the fact that the welfare of society is legally supported by the normative documents. It is appropriate to come up with a number of social, economic, cultural and spiritual factors, on the one hand, and on the other. In particular, it is necessary to consider the scientific basis, knowledge and experience, as well as the psychological factors that shape desires, interests in them, which stimulate young people to be interested in this area.

As a conclusion, it can be noted that it is advisable to analyze in terms of the deepening of democratic reforms, the intensification of the life of society, the modernization of networks, the activities of the forms of existing institutional systems, the current entrepreneurial content, the attitude towards it. It is impossible to accurately copy the characteristics inherent in the activities of business entities, that is, the experience of developed countries, only it can be used as an experiment. An important role here is played by national characteristics, mentality, social, economic realities in local areas, social opportunities, available natural and human resources, social experience, factors that ensure the directions of effective activity, as well as philosophical analysis of existing shortcomings. Therefore, of course, it will be desirable

if in each part of our career it is carried out using innovative ideas and technologies in increasing the entrepreneurial activity of our young people, taking into account the available opportunities and conditions in the modernization process.

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