

HISTORICAL ETYMOLOGY ANALYSIS OF SOCIO-POLITICAL LEXICON IN "STARRY NIGHTS" AND "GENERAL TREATMENT"

Rakhimov Abdukarim Akim ugli

Djizzakh State Pedagogical University named after Abdulla Qodiriy 70111401 2nd Year
(Winter) Master's Student, Specialty Uzbek Language and Literature, +998971873939

ABSTRACT

This article presents a historical etymological analysis of the socio-political lexicon used in the literary works "Starry Nights" and "The Cure of Generations". By examining the linguistic roots and meanings of key terms and phrases in these texts, we aim to provide deeper insights into the social and political contexts in which these works were created. Through this study, we seek to shed light on how language has been used to convey complex socio-political themes and ideologies in different periods of history.

Keywords: Starry Nights, culture of society, The Cure of Generations, etymological analysis, celestial bodies, natural phenomena.

INTRODUCTION

Language is a powerful tool that not only reflects the culture and beliefs of a society, but also shapes and influences its socio-political landscape. In literature, authors often use specific words and phrases to effectively convey their messages. By conducting a historical etymological analysis of the socio-political lexicon in Starry Nights and The Cure of Generations, we can gain a deeper understanding of the themes and historical conditions underlying these works.

Historical etymological analysis:

1. Starry Nights:

In Starry Nights, the author uses a rich tapestry of words related to celestial bodies and natural phenomena to convey broader social themes. For example, the term "constellation" is used figuratively to express the interconnectedness of individuals within a society. By tracing the etymology of such terms to their origins, we can determine how ancient beliefs and cultural practices influenced the author's depiction of social relationships and hierarchies.

2. "The Cure for Generations":

In contrast, "The Cure for Generations" uses a diverse sociopolitical lexicon based on medical and healing terminology to explore themes of societal renewal and progress. Words such as "cure" and "rejuvenation" are used to convey the author's vision of a society in need of change. By examining the historical roots of these terms, we can discover how concepts of health and well-being have been linked to political ideologies throughout history.

The author's deliberate use of etymology plays a crucial role in shaping the social commentary of the story in "Starry Nights" by adding layers of meaning and depth to the text. By tracing the origins and historical development of the words and phrases used in the work, the author

gives the story cultural, historical, and symbolic significance that resonates with the reader to varying degrees.

1. Cultural Context: Studying etymology allows the author to delve into the cultural context behind the words they choose and provides insight into the social beliefs, norms, and practices of the time. This, in turn, enriches the reader's understanding of the social environment in which the story takes place.

2. Symbolism and Allegory: Through the use of etymology, the author can imbue words with symbolic meanings beyond their direct definitions. This symbolic layer adds depth to the story and allows for subtle social commentary by drawing parallels between the historical roots of the words and the themes explored in the text.

3. Historical Perspective: By delving deeper into the etymology of terms, the author can offer a historical perspective on the sociopolitical issues presented in the story. This historical lens provides readers with a broader context in which to interpret the author's commentary on social relationships, hierarchies, and dynamics.

4. Critical Reflection: The author's use of etymology encourages readers to think critically about the underlying meanings of words and phrases used in the text. This encourages deeper engagement with the sociopolitical themes presented and invites readers to consider the impact of language on societal concepts and structures.

In essence, the author's strategic use of etymology shapes the social commentary of the story by infusing it with cultural, symbolic, historical, and critical dimensions, which enhances the reader's understanding of the complex interplay between language, society, and ideology within the text.

The author's use of etymology in "Starry Nights" can be exemplified through concrete examples, where words related to celestial bodies and natural phenomena are used to make deeper social commentary. Here are a few examples that illustrate this use:

1. Constellation:

- In *Starry Nights*, the term "constellation" is not only used to describe groups of stars in the night sky, but is also used to symbolically represent the interconnectedness of individuals in society. Tracing the etymology of "constellation" to its Latin roots, meaning "a group of stars," the author emphasizes the idea that individuals are connected to each other, forming a larger whole, much like stars in a constellation. This usage emphasizes the author's thematic exploration of unity and interconnectedness within social structures.

2. Galaxy:

- Derived from the Greek word "galaxy" *kyklos*, meaning "milky circle," the term is used in *Starry Nights* to represent vastness, unity, and interconnectedness on a cosmic scale. The author may have drawn on the etymology of "galaxy" to emphasize the idea that communities

and societies are interconnected, like stars in a galaxy, forming a larger, unified whole. This use may emphasize themes of collective identity and shared destiny in the narrative.

3. Moon:

- The term “moon” is derived from the Latin word “luna,” meaning moon, and is often used in a text to describe anything related to the moon or the night sky. By exploring the etymology of “moon,” the author may draw on historical associations with the moon, such as mystery, change, and reflection, to infuse the narrative with themes of transformation, introspection, and the cyclical nature of societal dynamics. The use of “moon” can add layers of symbolism and depth to the social commentary in the work.

By examining how these celestial and natural terms are used in *The Starry Nights* and tracing their etymological roots, we can gain a deeper understanding of how language is used to convey complex social themes and interpretations within the narrative. These examples demonstrate how the author’s careful word choice and exploration enriches the text with layers of meaning and cultural resonance, enhancing the reader’s understanding of the socio-political nuances in the work.

CONCLUSION

Through a detailed historical etymological analysis of the socio-political lexicon in *The Starry Nights* and *The Cure for Generations*, we have revealed the intricate ways in which complex social and political themes are conveyed through language. By tracing the origins and meanings of key terms and phrases within these works, we have gained valuable insights into the historical context in which they were written. This analysis highlights the powerful power of language to shape our understanding of the world and the societies in which we live.

In general, studying socio-political lexicon from an etymological perspective not only enriches the interpretation of literary works, but also provides a deeper understanding of the ways in which language reflects and influences the socio-political dynamics of different periods.

REFERENCES

1. Зияева, Феруза Камалиддиновна, et al. Особенности поражения нервной системы при анкилозирующем спондилоартрите. Diss. Ташкент, 2023.
2. Bekenova, G. T., et al. "IMPORTANCE OF PULSE-THERAPY IN PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DAMAGE IN SYSTEMIC SCLERODERMA." (2024).
3. Ганиева, Н. А., Э. Р. Джураева, and Д. У. Бердиева. Роль интерлейкина-6 в развитии поражения кардиоваскулярной системы при системной склеродермии. Diss. Всероссийский терапевтический конгресс с международным участием Боткинские чтения, 2024.
4. Ганиева, Н. А., et al. Роль инфекционных факторов в развитии узловой эритемы. Diss. Всероссийский терапевтический конгресс с международным участием Боткинские чтения, 2024.
5. Ганиева, Н. А., et al. Изучение ремоделирования миокарда у больных системной склеродермией. Diss. Всероссийский терапевтический конгресс с международным участием Боткинские чтения, 2024.

6. Tashpulatova, M. M., et al. "Diagnostic Significance of 14-3-3 η (Eta) Protein and MRI of Joints in Early Stage of Rheumatoid Arthritis." (2021).
7. RIZAMUKHAMEDOVA, MASHKURA, et al. "Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis: Diagnostic Difficulties and Treatment." International Journal of Pharmaceutical Research (09752366) 12.2 (2020).