

PHRASEOLOGISMS IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE

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ABSTRACT

This scientific article delves into the complex world of phraseological units in the Russian language, studying their cultural meaning, linguistic structure and forms of use. Phraseologisms, or expressions that do not have a literal meaning, play a crucial role in communication, reflecting the unique cultural heritage and historical evolution of the language. In this article, we analyze the features of Russian phraseology, its origin, semantic complexity and impact on the understanding and expression of the language.

Keywords: Russian language, phraseology, cultural significance, linguistic structure, semantics.

INTRODUCTION

Phraseologisms are an integral part of any language, embodying the wisdom, traditions and values of society. In the case of the Russian language, phraseological units, which embody the rich fabric of Russian culture, history and literature, occupy a special place. The purpose of this article is to shed light on the diverse world of Russian phraseological units, to study their forms, functions, and cultural meaning.

Origin and evolution of Russian phraseology:

Russian phraseology has deep roots and is influenced by various sources, including folklore, literature, religious texts, and historical events. Many Russian phraseological units originate from Slavic traditions, while others interact with neighboring languages and cultures. Over the centuries of linguistic evolution, these expressions have entered everyday speech, enriching the Russian language with layers of meaning and nuance.

Russian phraseological units have a rich and colorful history, and their origins lie in many sources, including folklore, literature, religious texts, and historical events. These expressions have evolved over time, reflecting the cultural and linguistic influences that have shaped the Russian language.

Folklore and Traditions:

Russian folklore, with its rich variety of myths, legends, and folk tales, has been an important source of inspiration for many Russian phraseologisms. Proverbs, sayings, and idioms based on

folklore have been passed down from generation to generation, embodying the wisdom, values, and beliefs of the Russian people.

Famous for its depth and complexity, Russian literature has played a crucial role in the development of Russian phraseology. Writers such as Pushkin, Tolstoy, and Dostoevsky have added many idiomatic expressions and metaphors to the Russian language, shaping the way Russians communicate and express themselves.

Religious texts, particularly the Bible and Orthodox Christian traditions, have also influenced the development of Russian phraseology. Biblical imagery and language have permeated Russian culture, giving rise to many expressions that carry religious meaning and symbolism. Historical events such as wars, revolutions, and social movements have left their mark on the Russian language, giving rise to expressions that reflect specific historical conditions and experiences. These expressions are a reminder of Russia's turbulent past and resilience in the face of adversity.

The Russian language was formed as a result of interaction with neighboring cultures and languages, for example, under the influence of Old Church Slavonic, Tatar, Mongolian, and other languages. These interactions have enriched the Russian lexicon, introducing new words, phrases, and idioms that have become integrated into everyday speech.

Linguistic evolution:

During centuries of linguistic evolution, Russian phraseology has evolved in form and meaning, adapting to changing social, cultural, and political landscapes. While some expressions have retained their original meaning, others have undergone semantic changes or acquired new meanings that reflect the dynamic nature of language and communication.

Semantic complexity of Russian phraseology:

One of the defining features of Russian phraseology is its semantic complexity. These expressions often have a figurative or figurative meaning beyond their literal interpretation. Russian phraseology can be divided into different categories according to their semantic structure: idiomatic expressions, proverbs, metaphors. Understanding the nuances of these expressions is crucial for understanding their intended meaning and cultural significance.

Cultural meaning of Russian phraseology:

Russian phraseology opens a window into the heart of Russian culture, reflecting its values, beliefs, and worldview. Many Russian phraseological units are deeply rooted in the country's history, literature, and folklore, serving as linguistic artifacts that preserve the essence of Russian identity. By studying Russian phraseology, you can gain an idea of the cultural heritage of the Russian people and appreciate the beauty and complexity of the Russian language.

CONCLUSION

The origin and evolution of Russian phraseology testify to the rich cultural heritage and linguistic diversity of the Russian language. Drawing on a variety of sources and influences, Russian phraseology continues to enrich communication, imbuing everyday speech with layers of meaning, nuance, and historical significance.

In conclusion, we note that Russian phraseology is a treasure trove of linguistic and cultural heritage, embodying the essence of Russian identity and thought. By studying the origin, semantic complexity, and cultural significance of Russian phraseology, we can gain a deeper understanding of the richness and diversity of the Russian language. Russian phraseology, as a linguistic artifact that connects the past and the present, continues to enrich communication and understand the complexities of human expression.

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