

## QSOCIAL ROLE AND SPECIFICITY OF ROLE DISTRIBUTION IN FAMILIES OF DIFFERENT CATEGORIES

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### ABSTRACT

The family is considered an object of study in various fields of science, and each subject studies the family based on its categorical apparatus and purpose. In sociology, the institution of family is classified on the basis of various indicators that differ from each other in function. In this classification, the military family is distinguished by its social, psychological, and sectoral characteristics. The article presents an empirical study of the distribution of roles in military and non-military families.

**Keywords:** family, role relationships in the family , military sphere, military family, socio-psychological characteristics of a military family.

### INTRODUCTION

Personality is formed in the family, and this process lasts throughout life. First of all, the child grows up in the parental family, gains life experience, and later creates a family himself as part of society. In both cases, they fulfill a certain role assigned to them in the society of their parents and spouses. Currently, it is believed that equality in marital relations ensures equal fulfillment of family and household responsibilities by both men and women. But we should not forget that within the framework of a relationship a person performs certain roles, and it is important that he be in his role. If there is confusion in the performance of roles, then misunderstanding and tension arise in the relationships between family members, which subsequently negatively affects the strength of the family and leads to numerous chronic conflicts.

All family life is initially built on the distribution of responsibilities, and it is extremely important to resolve the issue of their optimal division between spouses. Moreover, household responsibilities should be distributed in accordance with the desires and capabilities of each spouse, so that their fulfillment does not turn into a heavy burden[12].

Family role is one of the types of social roles of a person in society. Family roles are determined by the place and functions of the individual in the family group and subdivision , primarily into marital (wife, husband), parental (mother, father), children (son, daughter, brother , sister), intergenerational and intragenerational (grandfather, grandmother, senior, junior), etc. The fulfillment of a family role depends on the fulfillment of a number of conditions, first of all, on the correct formation of the role image [4].

There are indications in the psychological literature that the role structure of a family can influence family relationships, including marital relationships. Psychologist T.S. Yatsenko[8], based on the results of her research, identified four main marital roles: *sexual partner, friend, guardian, patron* . E.A. Kondrashova writes that the role structure of the family contains issues of relationships between family members, who is responsible for what functions, when

and in what sequence they perform them, who expects what from each other, and also the role structure includes issues of adaptation of spouses, the degree of identification with the role, conflicts with the role. From the point of view of Yu.E. Aleshina [1], a role can be considered as a normatively approved model of behavior expected from a person occupying a certain social position and position in interpersonal relationships. The content of the role and its implementation is regulated by norms and accepted rules. In the context O.E.Baklanova[3], S.V.Ilyinsky[5], S.A.Sedrakyan[9], the basis for the stability and well-being of a marriage union is determined by the functional-role consistency of the spouses. So, the role structure of family relationships is essential for the successful development of a marriage. A certain consistency in the role expectations of the spouses serves as a guarantee of conflict-free marital interaction, which has a positive effect on the spouses' satisfaction with the marriage.

The social situation for the study of socio-psychological problems of military families was outlined at the end of the last century in the works of a number of authors. So, V.V. Forsova[11] draws attention to the characteristics of the families of career military personnel, primarily officers, A.V. Shavlov[13] - on the factors of marital satisfaction in the family of a career Russian military man, I.I. Andryushin[2] - psychological mechanisms for overcoming family difficulties among officers of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation, A.A. Kochubey[7] - in general on the main social problems of families of Navy personnel. The social foundations of the life of a military family are currently being studied by AB Shavlov, A.I. Smirnov, S.S. Solovyov[10], J.I.Peven, A.Shakhov, I.A.Kozlova[6], T.A.Semkin and others.

According to these studies, a number of socio-psychological situations that military families face can be identified, namely:

1. The family's constant readiness to subordinate its life, its destiny to the special requirements of the husband's military service;
2. The need for repeated adaptation when moving to a new duty station of a border guard officer.
3. The lack of communication between a serviceman and his family, due to special conditions of service, strict time regulations remaining for the family, also forms a unique style of relations between spouses - openly friendly, ambiguous.
4. The presence in the military family of a specific structure, where the absence of one of the spouses for a long time puts the burden of responsibility for all family affairs on the remaining spouse. This can lead to unequal distribution of roles, conflicts and unfair distribution of responsibilities.
5. Increased Stress Levels: Military service in the Border Guard Force may be associated with increased stress levels due to the possibility of conflict or terrorist threats.
6. Communication Difficulties: Military personnel may have difficulty maintaining contact with family due to distance and technological limitations. Limited time to communicate and unstable internet connections can create challenges in maintaining close connections.
7. Lack of support: Families of military personnel in border troops, especially in remote geographic areas, may feel that there is insufficient support from the military and the government.

As part of empirical research, it is important to study the motives that ensure the preservation of any family, the roles of spouses, the factors leading to a discrepancy in opinions between

them, and the circumstances that represent their cooperation. For this purpose, choosing as the object of study the family of a military serviceman and non-military family representatives (spouses), using a compact technique developed for diagnostics “Distribution of roles in the family” by Yu.E. Aleshina, L.Ya. Gozman, E.M. Dubovskoy, we did the research. The study involved 380 people (190 married couples).

According to the results of our survey “Distribution of Roles in the Family,” conducted to study family relationships in a military family, the division of tasks and roles in the family had different results compared to ordinary families. In the family, financial support lies with the man (most women are housewives), but it is established that women are responsible for raising children, organizing the family subculture, responsibility for relations between relatives, and paying for large and small expenses in the family . In addition, when we analyzed the differences between military and non-military families in the distribution of tasks in the family of male subjects in the research work, the following cases were observed ( Table 1 ).

Table 1

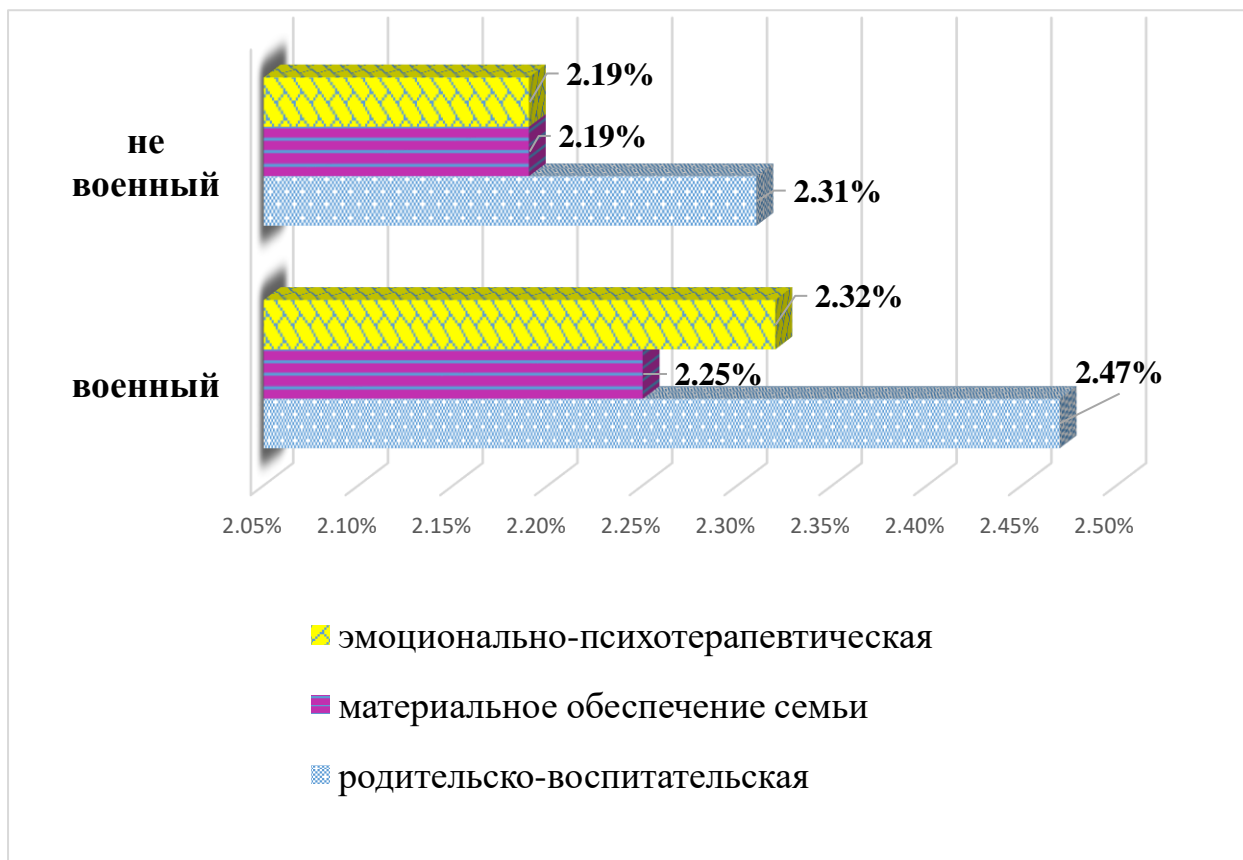
**Results of a comparative assessment of representatives of men from military and non-military families**

N o.	Family Values Scale	Military men n=98		Non-military men n=92		t	probability value
		average value	standard deviation	average value	standard deviation		
1	parent-educational	2.47	.52	2.31	.521	2,198	.029
2	emotional- psychotherapeutic	2.32	.58	2.19	.44	1.73	.085
3	financial support for the family	2.25	.65	2.19	.61	.67	.506
4	entertainment organizer	1.98	.53	1.94	.55	.42	.675
5	hostess - owner	1.97	.48	1.89	.52	1, 10	,274
6	sexual partner	1.94	.47	1.99	.54	-.74	.460
7	organizer of family subculture	1.86	.52	1.89	.55	-.43	.669

The results of the study showed ( Table 1 ) that in terms of scale parent-educational (  $t = 2.198$ ;  $p < 0.01$ ), emotional-psychotherapeutic - (  $t = 1.73$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ), financial support for the family - (  $t = .67$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ), entertainment organizer - (  $t = .42$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ), housewife - master of the family - (  $t = 1.096$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ), sexual partner - (  $t = -.74$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ), organizer of the family subculture - (  $t = -.43$ ;  $p < 0.05$ ) significant differences emerged between military and non-military men .

Figure 1 shows the high differences in the Distribution of Roles in the Family method in the results obtained from military and non-military male respondents .





**Rice. 1** Indicators of the “Distribution of Roles in the Family” methodology, differing in the results of both military and non-military male respondents.

In fact, men in the military spend most of their time outside the family. One of the main functions of a military family is to support the military spouse during his service. Spouses cope with everyday problems, provide support in difficult moments and provide emotional support to each other. Not only do they carry out their own duties in daily life, but they often act as the service member's only point of support when away from home. In addition, the military family plays an important role in the development and upbringing of children. In conditions of frequent moves and separations, children of military personnel often face difficulties adapting to new places and surroundings. In this case, military parents, as well as other family members, play an invaluable role in supporting and inspiring the younger generation. They help children overcome difficulties, strengthen their character and set an example of loyalty and courage. In military families, we see how child care is largely carried out on the mother's side.

On the “emotional-psychotherapeutic” scale, male subjects noted that military men expect more from their women. The results of military men indicate relative autonomy, that is, that their spouses correspond to their will, interests and needs. Military men said: “I am tired from work, and when I come home, I want my wife to meet me in the hall, with a pure and sincere smile,” or, conversely, “it’s good that my wife is next to me when I talk to my wife and children, they tell me about my fatigue.” In addition, an important function of a military family is to support the military spouse after his return from military service. The military can place enormous emotional and psychological pressure on individuals, and a military spouse may

experience post-traumatic stress disorder and other consequences of service. The family of a serviceman, with their support and understanding, is able to help the spouse cope with difficulties and overcome them.

Non-military men believe that this role is very important and that its fulfillment by family members is closely related to the satisfaction of married couples.

Respondents identified the dominance of men in matters of financial support in the family, be it military personnel or people of other professions.

In conclusion, the military family plays an important role in supporting and motivating military personnel, as well as in the development of the future generation. In addition, the basis of family relationships is formed by numerous types of role relationships between family members. In the event of conflict situations in the family, such as dissatisfaction with the distribution of responsibilities and roles in the family, disagreements between spouses can lead to serious changes in the behavior of military personnel and a weakening of their performance activity.

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