## THE SPELLING OF JOINT NOUNS, WHICH IS WRITTEN SEPARATELY IN THE CURRENT KARAKALPAK LANGUAGE

Opaeva Raygul Aymanovna
Nukus State Pedagogical Institute named after Ajiniyaz
Senior Lecturer of the Karakalpak Language Department,
Doctor of Philosophy in Philology (PhD)
opaevaraigul@gmail.com

## ABSTRACT

Writing is the necessity of the development of language, the expansion of its social function, the result of human experience arising from the demands of life. The emergence, formation and development of any literary language is related to writing. Spelling of compound words is done in two different ways, first, by the lexemation of word combinations; second, it is known to be made by the method of adding words (composition).

Karakalpak orphography serves a great deal in the development of the literary language, the formation of General written norms. Thus, in the current orthography there are still some uncertainties threeraydi.

There are different types of writing practice in the literature, documents on task styles. For example, den sa'liq – Densa'liq, kez-qaras – qaszqaras, kez qaras, K xalz araliq – khaliqaraliq, K Araz ara – ara and so on. Therefore, in the current orthography, it is necessary to take decisive measures in the scientific processing of such issues as the addition and parsing writing of compound words, the writing of double words, the further improvement of orthography.

Joint nouns that are written separately quot;. Nouns, which are written separately in any language, form a large part of the compound words. A.Searchbaev calls these types of words "joint nouns with equal suffixes.

Spelling words are written mainly in terms of their external form. Spelling of singular compound nouns is one of the important issues in Karakalpak spelling. There is a difference in the spelling of compound words to this day. Such diversity leads to a slowdown in the stagnation of compound words in the Karakalpak language. For this reason, one of the priorities is to systematize the compound words used in the Karakalpak language.

Basically, it is acceptable to distinguish between compound words and components of speech combinations, in which the components are not intertwined and one does not lose its syntactic connection with the other.

- 1. One component is a joint noun consisting of a noun: Batis European, θmirbek nickname, like Ernazar Alakzz.
- 2. Accusative word combinations: horse Black, Bear clothes, etc.
- 3. The first of the two words in which the series came, are words that indicate only a certain type of different predicate in the second word: aq Qutan, sari shimshik, etc.

Words that are written separately are easy to distinguish from words that are written together, mainly in terms of their external form, but are also close to free and unstressed vocabulary.

A combination word and a word combination are linguistic concepts that have a certain originality from each other. One of the important issues that distinguishes their linguistic

## GALAXY INTERNATIONAL INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH JOURNAL (GIIRJ) ISSN (E): 2347-6915 Vol. 9, Issue 11, Nov. (2021)

nature, differences. Well-known scientists F.F.Fortunatov, V.V.Vinogradov, A.I.Smirnisky, O.S.Axmanova bases on the fact that the structure of variable meaningful words from the word combination is a link between its components.

Compound words that are written separately differ in many signs from word combinations.

In the language of Karakalpak, joint horses, which are written separately, which have appeared in recent times, have been studied in six groups.

- 1. The terms that arise in connection with the socio-economic sphere are written separately: the standing Jay Foundation, the look bazar, the plastic card, the kashpeli tribe, the tleleoterminals, etc.
- 2. Separately written terms related to the medical field: reproductive salutations, medisinalic map of the bladder, neonatal climates, etc.
- 3. Separately written terms that arise in connection with changes in the judicial sphere: adam Saudis, the instance of Appeal, such as the hodjalik prosessual code.
- 4. The new emerging detachable terms related to the role of mass media are: journalism intuition, media market, sociality media, targeting resource, media market, etc.
- 5. Separately written terms that arise in connection with changes in the field of communication: cell phone, sim card, facsimile baylanis, etc.
- 6. Separate written terms that arise in connection with changes in the field of Education: Research grant, technologyal card, gyndelikli bahalao', electronic cyndelik and others.

The active use of joint nouns in the form of press pages, official documents, works of art, publicism, in general in oral and written style has a positive impact on the richness of individual lexical wealth of each person, on the content of the dictionary.