

PSYCHOLOGICAL STUDY OF THE PROCESS OF SOCIALIZATION IN ADOLESCENTS

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ABSTRACT

In this article, the process of socialization in adolescents and the relationship between this process and the society will be highlighted. , is a continuous process that develops depending on moral concepts.

Keywords: Adolescent, socialization, society, age periods, behavior, communication, mechanisms of socialization, psychology, education, communication, loneliness, knowledge, understanding, moral concepts.

INTRODUCTION

Adolescence plays an important role in the development of personality. Because this period is characterized by the completion of childhood in the development of the individual and the onset of adulthood. This in turn helps the adolescent personality to mature in every possible way. Also, by adolescence, psychological innovations characteristic of the period begin to arise, such as striving for social status in an individual, gaining a place in oneself. One of these psychological innovations is the decision-making of the quality of socialization. In this context, the study of psychological factors affecting the formation of socialization qualities in adolescence, the interaction of education and education in adolescents, the study of psychological aspects determine the solutions to the problem.

What is socialization itself?

Socialization is a multifaceted process that a person undergoes throughout his life. He is especially intensely present in childhood and youth. Because it is in childhood that the main social norms are mastered.

Over the past years, the relationship of the concepts of socialization and upbringing in pedagogy and other disciplines has been widely discussed. Some authors are trying to replace upbringing with socialization. Others study upbringing as part of child socialization.

K. According to gelvetius ' teaching, all people will have an absolutely identical natural opportunity for their mental and moral development from birth, therefore, it is explained that the difference in the psychic characteristics of people occurs only with different influences of the environment and upbringing.

English scientist John Locke likens the spirit of a new baby boy who came into the world to top-clean cotton. In his opinion, it is at the discretion of absolutely large people to write what is in the spirit of the child in the style of "top-clean cotton".

Everyone is an object of socialization, especially in childhood, adolescence and youth. In the process of socialization, there is an internal, completely unresolved conflict between the degree of adaptation of a person to society and the degree of its isolation in society. In other words, effective socialization involves a certain balance between adaptation in society and isolation from it. Often, it is very difficult to find this balance in adolescence. This age is usually referred to as the transition period, because during this period there is a transition from childhood to

adolescence. In students of this age, the characteristics of childhood are largely correlated with those characteristic of young people, but still in the process of formation and development. Therefore, a teenager is sometimes described as half a child and half an adult. Like half an adult, he feels a rapid increase in physical strength and spiritual needs; like half a child, he will still be limited in his abilities and experience to satisfy all the emerging requests and needs. This explains the complexity, inconsistency of the nature, behavior and development of adolescents, which gives reason to consider this age to some extent difficult for education.

N.Desev studied the content of the moral concepts of adolescents, showing that their understanding of moral categories often has a superficial formal character. Psychologists have researched the relationship between beliefs, moral ideas, concepts and ustanovkas occurring in adolescents on the one hand, and their actions, interests, specific behaviors on the other. From this point of view, adolescents are divided into four groups:

- 1) adolescents who are self-aware in their actions, who rely on positive moral norms, who cannot distinguish between their word and their work;
- 2) adolescents whose abilities are compatible with the low level of progress of moral concepts;
- 3) the group of adolescents is distinguished by its good knowledge in the moral norms of behavior, which acts in accordance with knowledge;
- 4) adolescents who cannot see, understand Hali's connection between the demands of morality known to them and their daily actions. Many adolescents do not adequately understand the content of certain moral categories.

As a result of my observations, I paid attention to this, some personality qualities will be formed in teenage boys and girls with religious beliefs, knowledge. These include: such qualities as behaving naively in a team, in a family, in a class, dealing with friends achillingly, having a high motive for Learning, strong memory, quickly finding and working out assignments, being responsible, being respected by peers in their class, school, are strongly developed.

Spiritual education of a person should be carried out throughout his life. However, this task is especially important in the adolescence of the individual. After all, during this period, the process of socialization of the individual, the assimilation of values that are the basis of spirituality, becomes much faster. When a little attention is paid to the spiritual development of an individual during this period, he may turn in an axillary social direction, fall under the influence of ideologies, ideas that are alien to our society. In order to avoid such unpleasant situations, parents and teachers should work together, monitor the socio-psychological processes taking place in a teenager, and conduct religious and secular education together.

Conclusion. Socialization connects different generations, through which the transmission of social and cultural experience is carried out. The central link of socialization is meaningful activity. And if it is not, the energy is focused on "disco-Consumer" Entertainment, confirming itself only in the entertainment industry. The constant implementation of Consumer Psychology, the lack of spirituality of our young people led to the crisis of moral ideas and meaningful goals, the upbringing of momentary pleasures, which is serving the prevalence of deviant-infringing behavior. Thus, it is necessary to help adolescents choose the right path, determine their type of activity and provide all the necessary conditions. In addition, it is

important to popularize some types of activities among the navqiran generation, to arouse in them an interest in working in the interests of society.

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