

STRATEGIC TASKS AND MILITARY OF THE ARMED FORCES MAIN GOVERNING BODIES

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ANNOUNCEMENT

This article describes in detail the organization of the Armed Forces, its military composition, the general obligations of each serviceman, as well as military service, military service and the internal service regulations of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Keywords: general army, defense, attack, equipment, section, ground army, air defense army, engineering-construction army, border army, internal troops of the Ministry of Internal Affairs.

INTRODUCTION

In our society, the Armed Forces remain the lifeblood of the people, the guarantee of the country's independence, its territorial integrity, peaceful life and creative work, a great school of spiritual and moral education of young people. At the VIII Extraordinary Congress in November, it was decided to establish the organization "Vatanparvar" to support the defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The new charter of the organization was also approved. Vatanparvar was declared the legal successor of DOSAAF in Uzbekistan, and all organizations in its system were transferred to Vatanparvar.

The first stage of creating the legal framework for the construction of the Armed Forces was completed on August 30, 1995 at the III session of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan of the I convocation with the adoption of the Military Doctrine of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The doctrine is a system of official views and rules that determine the direction of military construction, the preparation of the country and the Armed Forces for war, the way to wage war. It is developed by the political leadership of the state, and its main directions are related to the development of the productive forces, the level of scientific achievements, and the perception of a possible war. The completion of the first stage of the formation of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan coincided with the XI session of the Supreme Soviet of the Republic of Uzbekistan on December 8, 1992. At this session, the Basic Law of our state - the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan

was adopted. This encyclopedia became the basic law that strengthened the legal status of the Armed Forces in the country, defining its main tasks and historical duties. Chapter XXVI of the Constitution deals with defense and security issues. Article 125 states: "The Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan shall be established to protect the state sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the peaceful life and security of the population." According to Article 52 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "the protection of the Republic of Uzbekistan is the duty of every citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan." From the first days of independence, the Republic of Uzbekistan has paid great attention to the economic, political and social development of the country, strengthening peace and stability in the country

and the Central Asian region. This issue can be resolved only on the condition of reliable protection of the country's defense capabilities and national security, which can be achieved through a unified state policy in the system of economic, political, legal, organizational and military measures. The document containing these measures is a military doctrine adopted by the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan on August 30, 1995. Thus, in the fourth year of its existence in practice, the young independent state developed its own science-based military doctrine. During the last five years of the twentieth century, taking into account the geopolitical situation in the world, the region and the country, the current military doctrine was developed and implemented in 2000 as a defense doctrine. The Defense Doctrine of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a major document of national importance. It is an important part of the state strategy, reflecting the basic, guiding, officially accepted views and rules of military theory and practice, which are based on military policy, the direction of military activity and military construction, and are mandatory for military personnel.

The Armed Forces is also responsible for protecting the lives and peace of civilians. To the Charter of the United Nations accordingly, it exercises its inalienable right to self-defense, ensuring that the state has the necessary military power and defense capability. Given the nature and consequences of modern wars, the doctrine defines the main strategic task as the elimination of war and military aggression:

in peacetime - to maintain the defense capabilities of the state to the extent necessary to ensure the inviolability of the republic, to prevent any provocations and aggression against its sovereignty and territorial integrity.

during the war - a guaranteed return of aggression, along with its own forces, in accordance with the protocol of the Republic of Uzbekistan, in accordance with the protocol, in cooperation with the military forces of other states to strike a blow at the invader.

Land Forces are one of the most numerous types of the Armed Forces, which, in interaction with other types and types of troops, can carry out tasks related to the return of aggression against Uzbekistan, wherever it may be. designed.

Motorized infantry units are the basis of ground forces, the basis of combat operations.

Tank units are the main strike force and the main tool of armed warfare, aimed at performing important tasks in the modern conditions of combat on the ground.

Artillery units are the main (fire) force and an important operational-tactical tool in the performance of combat missions.

The Air Defense Forces is a type of army that is constantly ready to take immediate action to prevent any air attack on the Republic of Uzbekistan and provides radar intelligence of the country's air borders. Civil Engineering Forces are designed to ensure the development of the Armed Forces' infrastructure in peacetime and to implement the state's strategic economic program, as well as to build defense facilities, communications, and rescue operations during wartime.

The Border Troops of the National Security Service - implement border policy, organize the protection and guarding of state borders.

Internal Troops - is organized within the Ministry of Internal Affairs, the main tasks of which, in cooperation with the police, are to maintain public order in classified enterprises and other

public places, to protect the legal and legitimate interests of citizens, organizations, Considering that the state defense consists of a set of political, economic, social and legal measures, the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the President, the Cabinet of Ministers, the Ministry of Defense, ministries, departments, state authorities, enterprises, institutions and organizations. Authorities and local governments are responsible for the implementation of laws in the field of mobilization training of the national economy.

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