VALIANT CHILDREN OF OUR PEOPLE

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ANNOTATION

In this article, information has been prepared about the heroism of our great allies, who loved and faithfully served their homeland, as well as the methods of overcoming the issues that are hindering the performance of combat missions (operations) and the development and application process of combat zinc by military personnel.

Keywords: Homeland, perseverance, loyalty, national zinc, turon, freedom, affection, nationality, process, purpose.

Each people would have their own Captains, sarbons, Alpine bahá'ís, and their nationalist, patriotic children would be sultanu Kings. With their social, political activities, unique intelligence, they change the fate of both a particular society and the people who live in it. Any "instruction" from such people will be completely uncompromising to the repressions. They show dedication, courage for the liberation and prosperity of their people, their homeland. Selfinterest lives as a medicine for the pain of the nation, pushing elements such as fame to the next place. They employ factors to bring their homeland, their nation to the new world-wide socio-political, economic-cultural, spiritual horizons. Before our eyes, when we reflect on the Great children of the motherland and the nation, historical figures such as Alishsr Navoi, Mirzo Ulugbek, Zahiriddin Babur, the brave hero mother Toomaris, yovqnr Spitamen, Sultan Jalaliddin Manguberdi, Sahibqqiron Amir Temur, the owners of unique intelligence will be unknown. President of Uzbekistan Islam Karimov, speaking at an international scientific conference dedicated to the poet Amir Temur tuvalludi, said: "History of historical figures such as Amir Temur, sarkarda and sahibiran, the tapab of this time, if necessary, the need for time brings life and sets the stage for the manifestation of the qualities of the great ones... Whoever says that Amir Temur appeared accidentally on the land of ancient Turkestan makes a mistake. Why does hyech say that something does not suddenly appear," he noted. In reality, too, in certain complex sibsy situations, the need arises in the people for their own sarbon, a leading, wise leader. Because, in the 50s and 60s of the 14th century, Movarounnahr was from his very beginning an era of algovdalravi, gattol, political parochialism, mutual struggle. In such a complex situation, Amir Temur chose for his life an extremely khafli, an honorable path for his homeland, his nation. It was the way of social, economic, cultural development, international prestige that God blessed. After all, the ground on which Amir Temur came into the world was a space for Z, from time immemorial, with economic, cultural progress, huge spiritual opportunities that gave the world hundreds of great minds. We also need to keep the law of inevitability of the nation's appearance on the field of struggle with national pride and prosperity as children of the Alps, great politicians, warlords in the fortress of complex political situations, social inquisitions. On the eve of the 15th anniversary of the independence of Uzbekistan, we note with pleasure that if we follow the above criterion of this scientific, historical fact, then at the end of the 20th century Uzbekistan has a role in the connection of our first president, Islam Karimov, in achieving its independence and its bilateral independence. Any relationship, regardless of the variety of opinions, can no longer be denied by qyech kim. Our first president, Islam Karimov, was given the Homeland, The Nation, The Times. Our first president Islam Karimov is the * favorite dedicated dancer of his people. The nation is proud of its child. Amir Temur Turkestan, Islam Karimov will take Uzbekistan to the world. Independent Uzbekistan is the legitimate successor of the great Turkestan state ruled by Amir Temur. Soqibgiran Amir Temur is also the first president of Islam Karimov as well as tarnhiy persons. There must be no greater happiness in life than this. Mustabid Soviet "doqiyas" had promoted the unfounded, non-scientific idea that "the creator of history is the people, the heads of state, the warlords, or individuals in connection cannot create history." History is created only by a socio-political activist of the people, a high, spiritual potential layer of kuvai presets, scientists, captains, statesmen. Sogibgiran Amir Temur, the first president Islam Karimov are the figures who created a new history of their people. This collection of articles (materials of the scientific conference) dedicated to the 670th anniversary of the birth of Amir Temur included articles of those who are well versed in history, historiography, gam of those who are now tetapoya on the way to science, leading scientific workers of the Institutes of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan, professors of the Universities of the Republic, teachers, graduate students, masters of the Institute. Although, the cane of the articles included in the collection is not considered to be of high scientific level, free from flaws, it is written with Oriental sincerity, humility, to the person of Amir Temur, a man who lived as our great ancestor, compatriot, National gadiriyat, my homeland, my people throughout his life, to his socio-political activities, to the National Institute of statesmanship, to the 670th anniversary of ul quvai hofiza. You esteemed reader also recite in good faith to the always pure spirits of Amir Temur, make a letter. The memory of the great ancestors, the joy of their souls is the azapi udum of our nation, the work of reward. After all, they always give spiritual, spiritual "fodder" to our descendants. We are always indebted to the spirit of our ancestors, whose descendants are medicine for the pain of the nation, may Allah thank them. The people of Uzbekistan, among other peoples, entered the Second World War and made a huge contribution to the victory over fascism. Many Uzbek boyfriends showed examples of gallantry, heroism in war battles. Many of them were killed in this war and were missing. In memory of our compatriots who went to this martyr, monuments were erected, memory books were created and created, in which their names, courage were recorded. Unfortunately, the fate of most Uzbek fighters who, despite the passage of time, participated in the Second World War, died or disappeared missing from half a century is still unknown. Identifying their names and perpetuating their memory is one of the most relevant tasks today. The war turned out to be full of the Uzbek people, there was a blanket, mosuvo from other fast food, his household was ruined, he became hungry and yupun. Famine and disease raged in the countryside, drying out the cushions of many people. Deaths were common among children. However, due to the neglect of the tributary state, the difficulties and suffering gained during the war were not completely eliminated. In particular, the dignity of the war disabled was not replaced, and they were abandoned after World War II lasted for 6 years, from L September 1939 to 2 September 1945. This war overtook 61 countries of the world. It contained 80% of the world's population. The Second World War left its mark as the most terrible, the most devastating and the war that brought great devastation in history.

Chunonchi, as noted in the special literature, in this war received 65-70 million rubles. the man was killed. Half of them were civilians. Damage from the destruction and the cost of the hit collectively amounted to \$4 trillion. This war was also a war in which the most terrible weapons were used at the same time. At the end of the war, even a rocket weapon and an atomic bomb were created, and they were used against humanity. The cult of fascism, which sought to dominate the world and which humanity could bring to its head, united anti-fascist forces. Together, the free peoples fought against fascism. The war came to an end and they also won. This victory, however, was not easily achieved. In this war, there were several battlefields that demonstrated their perseverance and invincibility to the whole world in the struggle of the Sons of our country against the fascist invaders. One such battlefield was the fortress. This fortress was defended by a mercenary from the attacks of a large number of fascist Gazans who had been rabid for a month, and there were also several Uzbek sons among all the fallen warriors in the end. One of these was Sergeant Daniel Abdullayev. He is killed himself by killing 4 Germans in one of the enemy's attacks on the fortress. When it comes to Uzbek warriors who spread dong with their courage in the defense of the Brest Fortress, t.Aliyev, Isayev, Yusupov, T.Khidirov, N.Sadigov, A.Abdullayev and other names will have to be mentioned separately. Another of the above-mentioned owners of courage is Yelena Stempkovskaya from Boyovut. Junior sergeant Stempkovskava joined the 2nd Battalion of the 216th Regiment of the 76th Rifle Division as a radist. Temporary silence prevailed on the Southwestern Front. For almost half a year, the division stood in the defense of Moscow. Learning to shoot from a machine gun was his dream. He did not have time in Tashkent during his studies in radio courses. Politruk learned to deal with "Maxim" from Cherny. On June 20, 1942, the Hitlerites launched the summer offensive. The battalion in which Lena was serving stood in the defense of the village of Zimovenka in the Kursk Oblast. A week of silence reigned. Only five scouts, led by Lieutenant Kiyko, actively moved into the night. Their behavior always gave results. However, this time did not come from the right of work. The" tongue " hold was pushed back. The enemy surrounded Zimrovenka from two sides. Their objective was to encircle and completely destroy the 76th division. The only way left of the rivize was: to break through the enemy ring by fighting. The battle began when the soldiers were outnumbered and the Division, surrounded, received orders to retreat with only twenty soldiers. The enemy would invade like a Moor. Suddenly, two enemy tanks were visible from the ravine. One of them began to come straight to the trench. The first to see him was Lieutenant Kireev. With 15 meters left, politruk Cherny stood up and irked a grenade towards the tank. From the explosion of the projectile, he himself became fluent in the Immortal World. Only two fighters remained in the trench – Lena and Kireev. The two men poured the enemy like smoke on" Maxim". In an unequal battle, Pyotr kireevdushman gave life to his arrow. The brave girl herself tirelessly opened fire on the enemy from the machine gun. In an unequal battle, the enemy was captured. The Nazis did not open their mouths about the military secret, no matter how hard Yelena was tormented. And heroically perished. He was awarded the title hero of the Soviet Union and the Order of Lenin by decree of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR on May 15, 1946. As the pilot Kholmat Niyozov, a participant in the Second World War from saikhunabad, remembered the events of the war, the crew members he commanded were given a military assignment near the city of Uzhgord. The task was to strike at enemy forces operating on the border line. The military unit was assigned to

strike the enemy. The information was that there was no enemy air force around. The plane piloted by kholmat Niyozov rises to a certain height and climbs in the indicated direction. Unexpectedly, an enemy reconnaissance aircraft appeared. Then the crew members, led by Kholmat Niyozov, fired on the enemy aircraft without taking the courage. The military mission was successfully completed. In April 1942, it was announced that intelligence had set out for the city of Smolensk, where the enemy's military weapons had been exhausted. It was too dangerous for the part. The Soviet command, in any way, ordered not to put the enemy echelon in the city. The execution of the order was transferred to the crew of the Kholmat Niyozov formation. At that time, Kholmat Niyozov was a Bombardier board engineer "DB-3". The assignment is clear. When the plane reaches a flying situation at an altitude of 200 meters, Kholmat Niyozov pulls out a bomb drop. Enemy anti-aircraft fighters disable the Aircraft Wing. The crew with a thousand hardships land the plane safely next to the village of Kovgani, 3 kilometers from the city of Smolensk. But an oscolcali bomb dropped from the enemy's "Missershmith" had completely disabled the crew's machine gun. Kholmat Nivozov was completely unheard of. His associates were lightly wounded. Kholmat Niyozov was treated for a month in a hospital in Kalinin. For the successful completion of this mission, he is awarded the Order of the Red Star. From the first to the last minutes of the second world war, fighting was destined for a small number of people. One of these is calculated X. Nivozov remained in service in Vienna for two years after the signing of the act that the Hitlerites had surrendered.