

OCCURRENCE OF SPEECH ACTIVITY IN INTERNET DISCOURSE

Turakulova Nigora Eminovna,
KSPI, Academic Lyceum English Teacher

Azamova Dilafruz Bakhodirova,
KSPI, Foreign Language and Literature Master Student

ANNOTATION

This article shows that the appropriateness of communicative and informative content ensures the integrity of the macro unit of the communication system. It is also revealed that the conversational speech on the Internet and social networks brings new concepts more and more.

Keywords: discourse, Internet speech, informative content, language unit, discursive research.

INTRODUCTION

At present, it is recognized that only discourse has such integrity. According to Ye.S. Kubryakova, "at the time of the current development of the science of linguistics, there is no generally accepted definition of discourse." In linguistics, discourse refers to a unit of language longer than a sentence. The study of discourse is the analysis of the use of spoken or written language in a social context. Discourse studies examines the form and function of language in speech beyond its small grammatical units, such as phonemes and morphemes. This field of research, pioneered by the Dutch linguist Teun van Dijk, studies how large units of language, including lexemes, syntax, and context add meaning to conversations.[1.P.77] "Discourse in Context" It can consist of only one or two words, such as 'stop' or 'stop'. Alternatively, a part of speech can consist of hundreds of thousands of words, as in some novels. A typical discourse volume lies between the two dimensions as above.

Discourse is the social use of language to convey broad historical meanings. It is a language that is determined by the social conditions of its use, by whom and under what circumstances. Language can never be "neutral" because it serves to connect our personal and social worlds.

Discourse is also very important in literature. Any kind of speech is one of the most important elements of human behavior and formation. Much research has been done on how the brain transforms thoughts into words and, of course, how communication shapes the brain. Many studies have focused on the fact that speakers of different languages understand concepts differently. Thus, the creation and dissemination of speech is of the utmost importance for the perpetuation of the human race. Literature is one of the main ways of preserving speech and creating new ways of understanding the world.

By reading examples of artistic discourse from other cultures and other periods, we can better understand what their authors were thinking. In fact, reading literature from our own beautiful cultures can better highlight the way we think and interact.

Since every created work of literature is an example of discourse, our understanding of literary discourse is essential to our understanding of literature. Among Western scientists, there are different views about artistic discourse and its types. When someone uses language to communicate, they use discourse. A writer's job, then, relies primarily on discourse to tell

stories, share ideas, and disseminate information. An argument is an attempt to convince the reader through logic and reasoning. The writer makes a specific claim and then provides evidence to support that claim. For example, academic essays use argumentative speech to convince readers of the truth of the overall thesis.

It is also noted in scientific sources that special scientific conferences were held dedicated to the solution of this problem. Such scientific researches and different views expressed in relation to the problem indicate that there are aspects of dialogic discourse that need to be solved in linguistics and need to be researched.

Speech is subject to formalistic analysis, but it cannot be limited to it. Functionalists take not the movement of language, but the things it moves. In linguistics, since the Swiss linguist F. de Saussure[2.C.65.], speech and language have traditionally been contrasted, and one of his main rules was to distinguish between speech and language in speech activity:

By separating language and speech, we distinguish:

- 1) social status from the individual;
- 2) the person from the social status.

Discourse is equated with speech and language, finding features of both in the concept of discourse. Thus, any social changes that occur in our speech become more understandable and clear with discursive analysis.

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