

CAUSES OF ORPHANS AND SOCIAL ORPHANS, AND WAYS TO ELIMINATE THEM

S.B. Sobirov,

JDPU General Psychology, Teacher of the department.

Pedagogical Education Theory

L.T. Torakulov

Senior Teacher of the Department

Hayitboyev Sanjar

Student of Pedagogy-Psychology

"How much right does a person have to say he is happy?"

If you and your family are happy,
you have the right to say you are happy.

If not only my family, but my people are happy

I consider myself happy."

Sh.M. Mirziyoyev.

Today's demand and one of its urgent tasks is to provide social protection for the health, moral and spiritual development of orphans and orphans. This can be seen from the personal documents of the students during the conducted scientific research. It has been shown that 65 percent of children have somatic and mental diseases. There are children with chronic diseases in which the functional withdrawal of the organism is up to 10% in grades 1-3, 30% in grades IV-VIII, and 70% in grades IX-XI. When comparing the children of the above 3 groups with the children raised in the family, the proportion of children suffering from this disease is 10 percent. 70% of children of the same age are often found to be suffering from complicated nervous diseases such as anxiety, fear, narcissism, laziness, mischievousness due to the derailment of higher and nervous system activity.

The State Statistics Committee reported the number of divorces recorded in 2020, according to which the largest number of divorces were recorded in Tashkent city, Syrdarya, Andijan and Tashkent regions. Compared to the previous period, the situation of family divorces has decreased. The least number of divorces per thousand families was observed in the Republic of Karakalpakstan (0.5), Kashkadarya (0.6), Khorezm (0.6) and Surkhandarya (0.6) regions. Based on the data, it was found that half of the total family divorces observed in 2020 were childless, 29.3% of divorced families had one child and 20.6% had two or more children. Information in 2019, 31,400 cases of divorce were recorded. On December 9, 2020, under the leadership of Senate Chairman Tanzila Norboyeva, the system of preventing family disputes, increasing parental responsibility in child education, and appointing and paying alimony improvement issues were analyzed. The question arises as to which regions have the highest and lowest separation coefficients in Uzbekistan.

The State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan presented information on the demographic situation for the first quarter of 2020. According to him, Tashkent city, Andijan, Samarkand and Tashkent regions were the regions with the highest divorce rate in the last

three months. According to the data, in January, February, March, 7,800 cases of divorce were recorded by the civil registry office, and the divorce rate per 1,000 inhabitants is 0.9 per thousand. The divorce rates in the four regions mentioned above are as follows:

1. Tashkent city - 1.0 per thousand;
2. Andijan region - 0.9 per thousand;
3. Samarkand region - 0.9 per thousand;
4. Tashkent region - 0.8 per thousand.

In January-March 2020, the lowest number of divorces by region was known as the following indicator.

Republic of Karakalpakstan (0.3 per thousand),
Jizzax (0.3 ppm),
Sodium (0.3 ppm)

It was observed in Syrdarya regions (0.3 per thousand).

Why is the number of divorces increasing in the world in general? There are several reasons for this. Except for some of the wealthy, today marriage is no longer a set of people's efforts to transfer their wealth and status to the next generation. Gradually, with the provision of economic independence of women, marriage is no longer considered the result of the necessity of economic partnership, as it used to be. The general increase in prosperity means that if a person is not satisfied with the marriage, he can easily change his life.

In addition, divorcees no longer carry the label of "isnad" on themselves, and to some extent this encourages them. Another important factor is the increasing tendency of terms to evaluate the levels of personal satisfaction that marriage provides. We believe that the increase in the number of divorces is not due to a deep disappointment in marriage, but to an increased effort to turn it into a fulfilling union that brings satisfaction. Of course, these are personal opinions. Diane Wagen, a sociologist and family expert, examined the relationship of divorced people during a divorce. A series of interviews were conducted with 103 mainly middle-class couples to describe the transition from cohabitation to divorce. The concept of "separation" refers to the transition from a long-term relationship to a single life.

It turned out that in many cases, before the physical separation, the spouses become different socially. In this case, one of the partners will have a new way of life, he will be interested in other activities, he will have new friends who are not related to his estranged wife. This leads to keeping secrets from each other, especially in romantic relationships. This research is, of course, the result of observations from life in Europe.

But what about us? There are different reasons for divorce. One of the most important of these occurs as a result of the mother-in-law relationship. In the meantime, close relatives of the bride and groom also intervene in this dispute, and in many cases the marriage breaks down. The numbers are being studied from a statistical point of view. However, the analysis of numbers, the development of solutions, and the training of sociologists in this field have not yet been systematically implemented. Now let's take a look at the statistics of 2021. 9213 rulings were registered in Uzbekistan in the first quarter of 2021. According to statistical data, the largest number of cases were registered in Tashkent, and the lowest in Karakalpakstan. had announced. The largest number of family splits occurred in the city of Tashkent, while the fewest cases were observed in Karakalpakstan.

Unfortunately, you will witness the following sad situation in the regions.

Tashkent city - 1331;

Fergana region - 999;

Andijan region - 995;

Tashkent region - 946;

Samarkand region - 912;

Kashkadarya region - 711;

Namangan region - 682;

Surkhandarya region - 581;

Bukhara region - 500;

Khorezm region - 344;

Jizzakh region - 337;

Syrdarya region - 298;

Navoi region - 289;

Karakalpakstan - 288.

In the first week of March 2021, Shavkat Mirziyoyev touched on the issue of the high number of family separations in Uzbekistan, and it was reported that more than 28 thousand families separated in 2020. the whole neighborhood would be on its feet. "Divorce is a big tragedy," said the head of our state. Due to the increasing number of divorces, a proposal was made to extend the period of marriage by three months instead of one month. It was said that "it is better for a couple to move on if they do not like each other for three months than to marry and leave their children as orphans." one is the divisions in families. In January-April of this year, 12,806 family divorces were registered in Uzbekistan. This was announced by the head of the Ministry of Neighborhood and Family Support at a press conference on June 4, 2021. It became known that more than 20,000 children have become living orphans today as a result of family splits. The number of decisions among people under 30 years old is 3674. These are numbers that encourage us to work even more with young people. Most family divorces occur in the first three years after the birth of a family. This situation accounts for 25 percent of all divorces."

Number of divorces by years:

2017 - 31.9 thousand (87.4 cases in one day)

2018 - 32.3 thousand (88.5 cases in one day)

2019 - 31.4 thousand (86 cases in one day)

2020 - 28.2 thousand (77.3 cases in one day)

In November 2021, a total of 3,428 cases of separation were recorded in the republic, which means 114.2 families per day.

According to observations, 28,200 marriages were registered during 2020, which is 77,2 cases in one day, in January-November 2021, a total of 276,900 marriages were registered in the republic, 829 marriages were registered in one day. It increased by 4.5% compared to the same period last year.

In conclusion, it should be said that the intervention of a third person in families, lack of knowledge of new family builders, lack of social, moral and material support for young families, lack of permanent employment, wishes of parents marriage, not taking into account the possibilities of young brides and grooms and other social factors are the reason for the

separation of families. Today, the phrase "living orphan" is very ugly. . Are they considered perfect Muslims who leave their families and young children in search of their own pleasure? However, in a hadith narrated by Abu Hurairah, may Allah bless him and grant him peace, the Prophet said:

عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ ، عَنْهُ اللَّهُ رَضِيَ عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ
« وَشَرُّ بَيْتِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ بَيْتُهُمْ يَمْسَأُ إِلَيْهِ . خَيْرُ بَيْتِ الْمُسْلِمِينَ بَيْتُهُمْ يَهْتَمُّ بِحَسْنِ إِلَيْهِ »

It has been narrated that "the best of the Muslim houses is the one that treats the orphan well. The worst of the Muslim houses is the one that treats the orphan badly" (narration of Imam Ibn Mojar).

LIST OF USED LITERATURE

1. President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev. Important decision regarding orphans. Crime. February 11, 2019.
2. Resolution No. 269 of September 22, 2014 of the Cabinet of Ministers.
3. Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Education".
4. Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. T., "Uzbekistan", 1993.
5. Decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan. 09.08.2021. No. PQ-5215
6. N.M. Egamberdiyeva Social pedagogy textbook. "Tashkent" 2009,
7. Thoughtful intellectual. scientific-methodical magazine. Number 4 of 2019 Jizzakh.
8. Burns R. The concept of development and education. M. 1986 p. 159
9. Prikhojan A.M. Issledovanie psikhicheskogo razvitiya mlad shikh shkolnikov vospitannikov v zakrytom detskom uchrejenii. M. Pedagogy 1982. p. 77-111.
10. Khaidarov Ismail Olloqulovich. psi. nomination dessert. 1996 T.
11. Decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan on approving the concept of development of state policy on youth in Uzbekistan until 2025. 18.01.2021.T.