# BASIC AND PROFESSIONAL CRITERIA FOR PREPARING THE SPECIAL STUDY PERSONNEL

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#### ANNOTATION

In today's globalized and turbulent times, special attention is paid to improving the professional skills of military professionals. Today, on the basis of modern requirements for the training of military personnel in military units are highly qualified personnel with high physical combat training skills, spiritual and moral qualities, innovative and comprehensive thinking, able to successfully perform their duties in complex combat operations.

**Keywords:** Physical, psychological, combat training, personnel of the special unit, training.

### INTRODUCTION

A great deal of attention is traditionally paid to the training of combat units that are part of the special forces . The specific features of the tasks they set are the selection of candidates , the initial (initial) preparation it also requires the organization of a step-by- step systematic approach to the professional development of military personnel on the basis of a serious, carefully designed program approach . During their entire service , the combat and special training of the unit's personnel (intelligence officers) is mainly special . taking into account the peacekeeping and assignment duties of the unit depending on the situation of war or sudden occurrence .

# THE BASICS INCLUDE

Zones in the depths of enemy defense or temporary location conducting special search and reconnaissance operations;

reconnaissance and destruction of the supporting elements of the enemy's defense system or the location of the temporary location for a certain period of time;

- The fight against terrorism and participation in special operations;
- -Participation in search and rescue operations;
- Sudden enemy i to carry out thorough work to combat confusion and intelligence sabotage groups .

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Special unit training programs provide several stages based on the development of a wide range of practical skills and disciplines .

The training program aims to improve the skills of special forces fighters with a variety of special skills and knowledge. The training covered the basics of survival and orientation, patrols, search and rescue operations, special barriers, crossing rivers and combat at close range.

We immediately point out that there are no permanent universal fighters in today's rapidly changing world. It is well known that the experience of combat operations in which the armed forces of some countries have now taken part in special military operations has convincingly proved that the organization or conduct of high - level reconnaissance operations The training of a specialist razredchik in a special unit requires such a state of human perseverance, strength, zeal, physical and psychological combat readiness that it is impossible to put it into practice in a day or a month.

Therefore, the personnel of each special unit is required to have its own profile. But first, all of them must have undergone basic training. Special Forces Personnel (Warrior) a contract serviceman must have a truly specialized military knowledge as a private or junior sergeant specialist, but must be able to do and accomplish more depending on the task at hand.

Therefore, there are now many types of combat training for special units. There is a variety of training for ordinary soldiers of the special unit contract, which is summarized in some sources. In the current situation, the commanders of special units are required to train contract servicemen as specialists with unparalleled physical, psychological and professional training. The training is carried out according to a special program or methods developed taking into account the specifics of the individual training and use of each specialist in the training of personnel, bringing the complexity of combat training to the level of psychological and physical limits of military service.

Right now we are all You can read, see, and hear a lot about the personal content of a particular section. At the same time, we usually talk only about the tasks or operations of special unit soldiers, but not about something that will enable them to solve tasks of unique complexity that do not exist for the majority of military personnel. Special The training of hunters is divided into two parts: basic and professional.

# **Basic Preparation Includes**

simple exercises depending on the difficulty of the specialist soldier for strength, agility and endurance, as well as hand-to-hand combat and unarmed self-defense, shooting and jang area concentration and healthy survival skills in extreme conditions. To gliy territory high- altitude and low-altitude exercises, pre- equipped special barricades, special day and night shooting exercises of all types of departmental weapons, as well as the construction of small and individual tent camps for the personnel of the unit, depending on the season protection from snow and earth such as digging shelter, providing first aid in the field on the training battlefield or in the performance of special tasks, and rescuing a person in various extreme situations; the organization of sudden attacks, movements in the thickets or forests of the mountains, in the water, in the snow. In addition, some exercises are performed in weather conditions, including high or low air temperatures of + - ° C;

- Orientation with or without compass, reading maps. There are also exercises on body movement for healthy survival, breathing rhythm arms and legs. However, a day-long hunger strike exercise without food.

# **VOCATIONAL TRAINING INCLUDES**

- Intelligence and confusion training, training in working with explosives, types and properties of explosives methods of understanding, installation and decontamination, at hand from explosives The assessment of the location of the installation of special surprises is different working with specially trained signals with gestures;

function of the particular unit, the main focus is on the city special actions in open or closed conditions, confusion and sabotage, computers and communications, and other special operations. The training of special forces is carried out according to a special program or methods developed taking into account the specifics of individual training or use of the unit in a separate direction, bringing the complexity of the training to the level of psychological and combat physical limit of survival.

The personnel of the special unit, ie the basic training, is carried out in three interrelated ways. The first of them is training on a permanent residence:

- In the classroom, physical training, special training in the field, shooting lessons.

The second is the study of covert and surveillance mastery techniques, special tactical topography and methods of survival, the implementation of management in the training field, the development of tactical and special actions.

to strengthen and improve skills developed in intelligence and distraction group competitions and military exercises.

In daily training, special unit personnel will be provided with special equipment, new advanced weapons and information and communication innovation skills. communication and advance methods of blasting or decontaminating installed mines are taught.

the rules of behavior in various extreme situations. Intensive physical training of personnel of the department is carried out, training is carried out on methods of planning and conducting intelligence, methods of data transmission. During the exercise, personnel develop tasks to combat a small or large number of possible enemies, destroy and capture various territories, organize an ambush, release hostages, and simulate a military operation to mislead the enemy. As mentioned above, the training of a special unit group must be tailored to the specific working conditions, but most special units have modern classic training of combat training with some modifications: general, intelligence, firing, special, mine blasting, radio engineering, combat training.

In conclusion, it should be noted that modern military equipment and weapons, changes in combat operations, its unpredictability, scale, increasing physical and mental stress place extremely high demands on the morale of servicemen. Conditions of military activity, high probability of serious losses and difficulties associated with the occurrence of severe, extreme situations can lead to unprecedented moral and psychological stress in the personnel and lead to many combat mental injuries, a decrease in mood. The peculiarities of modern combat operations and the increase in the level of military-technical support of the warring parties have led to an increase in the importance of professional training of the military. Therefore, it

is necessary to develop measures to prevent them in peacetime, to conduct psychological research in order to increase the effectiveness of the process of spiritual training of soldiers of all specialties. As a leading element in the organization of the psychological process for all types of servicemen, special attention should be paid to the perfect preparation of the personnel of the unit, their ability to act in difficult conditions.

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