THE WAYS OF FISHING FARMS MANAGEMENT AND DEVELOPING THE PRODUCTION ACTIVITY

Uchqun Xurramovich Beglaev Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) Economical Sciences, Tashkent State Agrarian University

> Golib Ravshan ugli Yakhshibekov Doctoral Candidate, Tashkent State Agrarian University

Gulhayo Ravshan kizi Yakhshibekova Student, Tashkent State Agrarian University

ABSTRACT

The article provides information on the national economic development of the country and the creation of a sustainable economic management system, as well as on the current state of the fisheries management system and the further development of its socio-economic status and problem solving.

Keywords: management, fishing, economics, economics, innovation, system, cluster, nutrition, network, development.

INTRODUCTION

In the time of the world population growth and increasing the demand for food and agricultural products, it becomes actual to create the main source – the effective system of measures for dooping the agricultural reforms, supplying with safety food, and population social protection. For salving these complex issues, it is required to increase the volume of production, product quality, to increase the efficacy of using the land at farming and population areas, which needs the solution of problems as defining the real landlords, agricultural products sell, storage, processing, export, and maintain with finance.

In Uzbekistan 581 thousand ha. water basins had been used in 2019. There were 3600 fishing farms. In 2021, there are created around 4000 fishing farms. If there were produced 94,4 th.tons of fish in 2019, so in the end of 2022 its planned to produce 401,5 thous. tons of fish product. For developing the fishery, one have to reach decisions of a line of main issues, particularly, the stability of fishing farms, what is more, their efficacy as well.[1]

Estimation of fishing farms must be carried out by the range of criteria's. In market economy conditions, these are their production volume and financial results, and the usefulness of production as well. Fishing farms have their position in the Republic and supply the population with high quality fish products. The farms' activity managed by the heads and they wore in close collaboration with state unions.

The organization of "Uzbaliqsanoat" union helps to reform the farms activity, increase the volume and quality of production.

If observe the main tasks of "Uzbaliqsanoat" union, it works on fishing farms creation, management, marketing, farming the nutrients basis and production, emplementing the foreign experiences, priveligies and other issues (1.1-picture)

a) on improvement of fish bowelsa production:

- to help to organizations for forming the high priced fish types at natural and artificial water r esewoirs;
- to organize new incubator shops for larva production, increase fish bowels production volume, modernization and extension of exist reservoirs for fish bowels production;

b) on proper use of natural and artificial water resources:

- to maintain the effictive collaboration with local administration on taking the lands for water resewoir formation;
- to implement the modern technologies for fishery, particulary, "cage" method, and increase the fishing for, account of natural and artificial water resewoirs extension;
- to organise new production lines for full value, high proteined nutrition for fish, and moderinization of existed ones, and enforce the nutrition basis;

c) on intensive development of fishery segment:

- to adapt the implementation of measures of programms for development the fishery segment, fast execution of single scieintific technic, technological, investments and export system tasks, particularly, monitoring the pricing at inner and outer markets;
- to participate in farming the legislatire norms for proper use of fish resources at natural and artifcial water reservoirs, to implement the mechanisms of supporting the aqua culture development;
- to give the priveligies, support the fishing organizations by attracting the financial resources from donator countries and international financial institutes;
- to hold the marketing researches on extinsion of product selling markets, to work out the proposal and recommendations on creating the appropriate mechanism of price formation for fish products, increase the export volume;
- to implement the modern methods of quality management according to international requirements, sertification and standartization of produced production, prossing the fish product and packing;
- to hold the reseach works ou implementing the innovatiniel technologies for fish breeding and processing;
- to retrain the specalists of union member organizations and increase their qualification.

1.1-picture

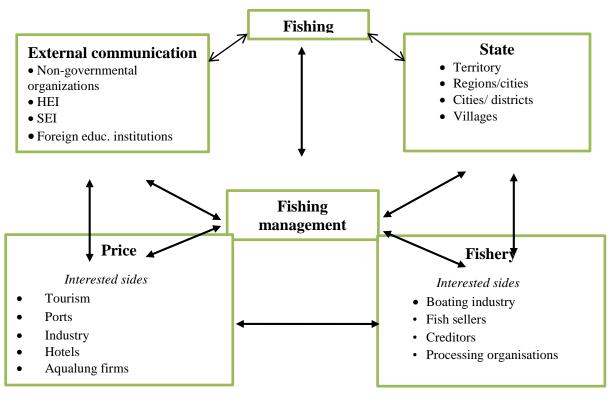
At the some time, the management of union organization is conducted by the head his assistants, who will do the control of deportments.

For proper management and controlling, the union has its authority ryans in each region and works in collaboration with them. [2]

Innovative management and connection with other sectors of farms become the actual problem of present time social – economical, scientific, industrial sectors mutual connection allow fishing farms get more development [5] (1.2-picture)

"Uzbaliqsanoat" union has the following main tasks and directions of activity

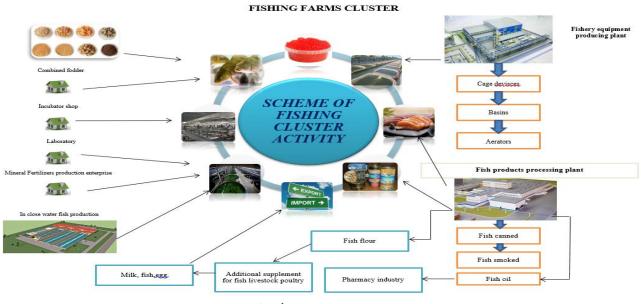
Innovational method of fishing management



1.2-pic.

For increasing the efficacy of fishing farms activity, there were worked out measures for creating clusters in 2019-2021 yy. It allows to connect the full-cycled incubator shops activity, fish and caviar production, production the protein-rich nutrients, processing the fish and storing the fish products.

Creating clusters in fishery means hat only fish production, but arrange the inolistrial sector. It pretends to develop the industry, veterinary, processing as well. (1.3-pic.)



1.3-pic

The main aim of cluster is to produce high quality fish by using the advanced innovational technologies and increase the competitiveness in market economy condition state economy believes to streingh of clusters, because withirit them highly developed economy can not reach big results, they say.

The economical – social efficacy of clusters shared aniong their members:

- New producers, coming from other spheres, develop their scientif research works and maintain with new strategy, so they festen development;
- Mutual free information exchange appears, news spread among consumer and suppliers by channels;
- Mutual competition cause new opportunities;
- New possibilities for human capital, scientific ideas development and implementing to production.

Implementation of clusters along Uzbekistan helps to supply the population with high quality fish product. In creating clusters, inriroument, conditions, opportunities are considered. If analyze the fishing farms in Qashqadaryo region, in 2021 there were around 300 fishing farms, in 2019, there were gotten 2432,2 tons of fish from artificial water reservoirs.

In 2021 1 January, 5336 tons of fish were produced, 1168 tons (22%) by farms, 101 tons (2%) by farmers, 54 tons (1%) by enterprises, and 4013tons (75%) by small and other enterprises. This allows to estimate good the situation in region. In 2019 there were done 33 projects, 10 mlrd soum spent totally, and 48 working places were created. [2]

Improvement of fish production amount can be explained by implementing new technologies. It is obvoius that there are opportunities for creation clusters in region.

Fishing farms control and eliminating the problems are done by managing principles of the head of from.

We'll see the activity of the fallowing farm. In Qarshi district there is an organization "Namuna balig'i" which has 324 ha artificial water reservoir in 2019, it produced 875 tons of fish, in 2021 – 1050 tons. It means, the farm is advanced in fish production. [6]

"Namuna baligi" organisationis annual production indicators
1.1-table

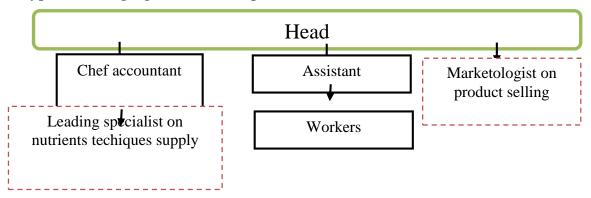
	Indicators	Years			
N₂		2019 у	2020 у	2021 y	2021 y 2019 years+-
1	Caught fish (tonns)	875	950,0	1050,0	175
2	Total area (ha)	363,3	363,3	363,3	0
3	For fish grods (ha)	320,3	320,3	327,3	7
4	Breeding (tous pcs)	1370,0	1 450,0	1 550,0	180
5	Buying mineral fertilirers (tons)	380,5	385,7	406,7	26,2
6	Combined fodder buying (tons)	1620,0	1665,3	1865,3	245,3
7	Fishing plan (tons)	1100,2	1150,0	1250,0	149,8
8	Own finance (mln.soums)	2171,35	2263,4	2363,94	192,59
9	Pure profit	2421,2	2671,6	2874,4	453,2
10	Profitability %	174	183	198	24

If consider the table info, the farm's land area is 363.3 ha, in 2019, only 320.3 ha was used, in 2021 - 327.3 ha in 2019, there weu fished 875 tons of product, in 2021 - 1050 tons, which is for 20% higher then in 2019.

If Breeding was 13700 th pcs in 2019, so in 2021 it was already 1550 pcs, it means it was more for 20%.

In general, the situation has positively been charging and the economical state improved.

Farm management is mainly carried out by the head, the management structure is traditional, so this type of managing manes some problems.



1.4-pic "Namuna baligi" organisationis management structure

When the head intervenes too much to the farms procedures, it causes, problematic situations in most cases, and the head becomes the only person who solves them, which manes some difficulties in organization of management.

We think, that, in management, the head of from must control the data and works, and find the solution to problems, this helps to from in organizing the proper managing structure. This structure gives an opportunity to change its activity totally, to choose the market for product realization and making deals by product types.

Farm management means not only by the head, but by government inlervention and other spheres too.

By studying the fishing farms, we mode the following conclusions.

- Necessary to improve the good level of fishing farm's product;
- To solve the problems on delivering the products to the consumers, finding the market, preventing the product waste;
- To adjust and improve transportation system for qualitative delivering the product to the markets;
- To use the modern management at fishing farms;
- To use the innovational for farms;
- To do the SWOT analyse for increasing the effectiveness and development of fishing farms.

SWOT analyse gives the information on what issues should be considered while organizing regional fishing farms, the importance of supplying the population need in qualitative fish products. Particularly, the people, who is going to organize the fishing farm, will acknowledge that its under state control, there are legislative norms, they can provide their family and the population with the product they chose.

GALAXY INTERNATIONAL INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH JOURNAL (GIIRJ) ISSN (E): 2347-6915 Vol. 10, Issue 6, June (2022)

SWOT analyse plays a big role not only in getting the info on strength, weeks or possibility and threats but the info about the possibility of becoming competitive among fishing farms. Here is a SWOT analyse of developing the fishing farms in Qashqadaryo region (1.2 table)

1.2-table SWOT-ANALYSE OF DEVELOPING THE FISHING FARMS IN QASHQADARYO REGION ¹

S - STENGHT	W - WEAKS		
✓ Existence of special reforms for developing the	✓ Not enough improved the meessory economical		
fishing farms and the legislative norms;	mechanisms for developing;		
✓ Adoption of "The measures on improvement of	✓ Not proper regulation of nutrient maintoinance for		
management system in fishing sector" Law;	farms no favourable supply system;		
✓ Regulation and formation the system by the	✓ Supply with meessary resources made only by		
government according to the Law;	private bodies;		
✓ Formation of the skills on working it such farm's;	✓ Weakness in economical literacy, shortage in		
✓ Fast specialization of small farms, not being	personel;		
disposed to bankrupts;	✓ Shortage of technique, no relations with other		
✓ The activity directed for profit.	farmings, no ways of selling the fish products;		
	✓ Weak involvement to educational courses of		
	specialists.		
O - OPPORTUNITIES	T - THREATS		
✓ Increasing the population interest by the result of	✓ Increasing the amrunt of bodies who deals with		
improvement the economical indicators;	fishing business;		
✓ Increasing the investments;	✓ In creasing the difficulties with nutrient supply;		
✓ High quality inder of specialized fishing farms;	✓ Falling of the price in markets for product;		
✓ Adoption of programs, measures on supporting	✓ Too manly problems with water resources supply in		
the fishing farms permanently by government.	farms territory.		

REFERENCES

- 1. Date of "O'zbekbaliqsanoat" union 2018
- 2. Data from Qashqadaryo region statistics committee 2017-2018
- 3. Xakimov R., Otakulov M., Yusupov E., Yusupova M. "Economics of agroindustry complex" Manual TSEU Tashkent 2004 y
- 4. O.V.Kuznetsova "Management of formation of regional clusters in feshiry" Ijevsk -2012-194 p
- 5. Berkis F., Maxon R. "Developing small fishing" Canada 2009
- 6. Annual report of "Namuna baligi"LT of 2018 y

1061

¹ Source: Developed by the author.