

THE WAYS OF WORKING ON MISTAKES IN LANGUAGE LEARNING PROCESS

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ANNOTATION

This article presents different strategies and ways to improve during learning language process.

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INTRODUCTION

To begin with, a majority of learners have difficulty with how to avoid making mistakes and how to work on these mistakes during the learning process. There are several ways how to keep up with these errors. Perceptive learners who analyze every mistakes and try to not to make these mistakes the next time.

Learning a language is never easy and language learning mistakes abound. Many people go online websites and read articles on tools and resources to use and also time management tricks to apply and positive habits to improve for better training. Why is it that so many language learners do not finish this path? Why do they keep repeating the same language learning mistakes over and over until they eventually give up? That's the key is here. Because they think learning language is easy and convenient. They do not know learning language requires lot of effort and hard working. Once learners decide to learn a second – or third, or even fourth – language, they ought to understand it's going to be a challenge. But what can make the process even more challenging is your falling into common traps (read: language learning mistakes) that they could otherwise avoid. Here are some of the worst language learning mistakes and how you can avoid them:

1. Relying on only one learning method!

This means that mistakes are more common when you rely on just one method of learning. But methods to learn a language are many. Students prefer a listen-and-repeat technique, others choose grammar textbooks, and another learners might want to ask online tutors for help. All these approaches are fine, but it would be a big error to rely on only one. When using multiple learning methods, they should practice all communication skills (reading, writing, listening, and speaking) as well as see different concepts and shades of a target language. Also, the variety can keep you from getting stuck: where textbooks don't work, audio lessons or learning apps will save you.

2. Learners do not speak at all!

What I mean by this that, developer behind "EducationWithResults" Mikhail Korykov, considers not speaking as numbers one of all language learning mistakes. "I have met people who are learning the language for a couple of decades. They are doing vocabulary/grammar exercises regularly, and, yet, still unable to ask or answer a simple question in this language,"

he says. Content strategist of PlagiarismCheck Nancy Christinovich, agrees: “Speaking is the only way to become fluent. No matter how well you write, you need to speak a language if willing to use and improve it.” It’s the stage where a fear of embarrassment rules and language learning mistakes are most obvious. You are afraid of mispronouncing words or making grammar mistakes while speaking, and you don’t want to look stupid in front of others. This fear hinders all your endeavors. Memorizing tons of words and not being able to put them in practice – that’s not how language learning works. Speaking helps to see and correct mistakes before they become ingrained into your passive vocabulary; so the more you speak, the faster you learn.

3. Learners do not want to listen !

Babies learn to speak by hearing sounds, so that’s why learners need to practice listening to learn a foreign language; it helps to see patterns as well as reinforce your vocabulary and grammar and avoid language learning mistakes.

4. Translation.

“Too many students speak a foreign language translating directly from their native language with a lot of usage errors, and fail to adjust and improve it when discovering that a teacher or a native speaker use different expressions,” Greg Pringle writes in Quora’s thread on language learning. Joel Dykstra adds: “It’s natural to want to translate, but most languages don’t say things in the same way as other languages; so while you might use some of the same words, the patterns are different and have to be learned.” When learning a foreign language, they should make sure understand its natural way to say this or that phrase.

These are some of the worst mistakes that learners have made. And now I will illustrate some solutions how to work on these mistakes.

1. Searching a variety method for learning language. There are “Trial and Error” “Conditional Response”, “Learning by insight “, “Learning by Imitation “. Apart from these there are hundreds of methods in learning language. Learners should try to follow these rules and after that they need analyse every mistakes.
2. Speaking for hobby. I mean speaking is so funny and learners find it is easy and joy. Whenever they speak with joyfully they can improve their speaking skills day by day. Whatever it will be, it does not matter, actually. Speak! Speak! Speak!
3. Listening for enjoyment! Listening is one of the easiest skill which can improve day by day. Learners should listen music or watch movies in the language that they are learning. Actually this reflects to hearing and listening abilities and skills. When they tend to listen, they begin to speak. So listening is related to Speaking.
4. Translation! Learners need learn idioms and Phrasal verbs, Collocations by heart. After that they can actually begin to realize what the meaning is. They should plan according to their potential.

It is said that if students want to improve their language skills, they should find someone who has failed multiple times in learning language. I think they should not ask them why they think they failed. Very few failing students know. If they did, they wouldn't fail. Instead, they should ask them for their tips on how to learn language. Do the opposite. Success leaves clues. So does failure.

In the book "How We Learn – The Surprising Truth About When, Where, and Why it Happens", Benedict Carey includes some tips based on scientific research. Of the nine tips below, the first eight come from Carey's book. Some based on their personal experience - what worked for them - some on what they have seen work for students and some derived from research.

*Vary your learning routine, locations and material;

*Get a good night's sleep;

* Space your study time;

*"Cramming" for an exam can work.... for your exam results;

*Use self testing;

*Take notes in class and review them;

*Don't worry about short breaks or distractions while you're studying;

*Create learning sessions where you mix knowledge areas or skills;

*Increase your brain's capacity to learn.

This book is highly recommended by polyglots. And every learners should know about these rules and tips and without any doubt it will help not only broaden their horizon, but also it improves their learning skills.

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