INNOVATIVE TECHNIQUES OF TEACHING VOCABULARY IN THE CLASSROOM

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ANNOTATION

It is important to claim that, since English has become a universal and dominant source to communicate in the world, the interest of learning this language is increasing dramatically. But people can't use any languages without vocabulary and this paper analyses the vocabulary of a language and vocabulary teaching methods and techniques and studies some methods.

Keywords: classroom, method and technique, skill, vocabulary, words.

INTRODUCTION

From the ancient times until present. Humanity is alive with their communication skills and words they use. Vocabulary of a language is just like bricks of a high building. Rudyard Kipling says that words are the most powerful drug used by mankind. Additionally, it is vital that, vocabulary is inextricably connected with grammar, the receptive (listening and reading) and the productive (speaking and writing) skills. Wilkins rightly says, "Without grammar very little can be conveyed. ..but without vocabulary nothing can be conveyed». Therefore, the study of vocabulary is at the center while learning a new language. No matter English being a second language or foreign language, one needs to learn vocabulary in the systematic way. If we purpose to utilize language effectively and clearly, we ought to have good stock of vocabulary. Especially the English language is the richest to words. Thorn bury opines: "If you spend most of your time studying grammar, your English will not improve very much. You will see most improvement, if you learn more words and expressions. You can say very little with grammar, but you can say almost anything with words." In accordance with his point of view, nowadays modern pedagogy face some challenges how to develop teaching abilities, methods and innovative techniques of vocabulary as well as using words in real life. Because of modern researches observations and experiences learners can be educated by teachers better by teachers and in the following some useful types of methods will be introduced in order to achieve more interesting and qualitative lessons.

Synonyms

Using synonyms are really suitable way to improve vocabulary of young learners. A synonym may be used to help the student to figure out the different shades of meaning, if the synonym is better known than the word being taught. Synonyms assist to enrich a student's vocabulary bank and provide alternative words instantly. These can be effective since they build on words and phrases that students already recognize. Also, synonyms serve not only to create very attractive and peculiar conversation but also every user can remember every word faster and try to use and search yourself more academic and meaningful equivalent of a word. This style is also recommended even for future IELTS (International English Language Testing System) candidates to increase their vocabulary. Because according to the requirements of all parts of the IELTS exam, every candidate must show his or her ability to use different words in their

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vocabulary bank in order to higher mark.. Besides that, as a supportive source of this method creative educators could make crosswords, word snakes or other puzzles for students with using these synonyms.

Homonyms

Homophones are words of the same language that are pronounced alike even if they distinguish in spelling, meaning, or origin, such as "pair" and "pear". Homophones may also be spelled alike, as in "bear" (the animal) and "bear" (to carry). But this list consists only of homophones that are not spelled alike. This approach is really important to enhance vocabulary bank of students as well as their pronunciation. In the table there are some examples of homonyms:

Ant/aunt eye/I

Ate/eight fare/fair

Bear/bare sea/see

Son/sun stationary/stationery

Steal/steel threw/through

Throne/thrown be/bee

Blew/blue by/bye/buy

Beach/beech cell/sell

Cent/scent/sent census/senses

Cereal/serial die/dye

This method is in really instructional and interesting to use in the classroom, because at one glance pupils will hurry to learn to pronounce and even translate their meaning.

Role play

Role-play is to create the presence of a real-life situation in the classroom. It is extremely important in the classroom communication because it gives students an opportunity to practice communicatively in different social contexts and in different social roles. The language applied in this activity is varied according to the student's status, attitudes, mood, and different situations. Furthermore, role - play help to cultivate the sense of interest to art, culture, traditions that are influential to their behavior as well as student can learn how to use new words in real life. Because, little pieces of dramas or plays are demonstrated as a real and live . In 2006, linguist Blachowicz stated that, "Teachers can introduce some of the words which provide both definitional and contextual information about the words to be learned by making up a dialogue for students so that students can understand a further meaning and usage of the words."

Video to produce of target vocabulary.

To utilize this approach educators are required to select a video segment that contains a series of actions or visual detail according to their age, level of knowledge, interest, gender, outlook and religion. Richards said "When vocabulary words are being taught to pupils, teachers need to consider how to teach these words to pupils based on the levels of ages, educational background and field of interest. Next step is providing the learners with a list of target vocabulary words and ask them to construct a paragraph that incorporates as many of the words as possible. This activity is best done after the learners have seen the video. As they learn how to use more vocabulary properly, teacher will see an improvement in their writing and speaking. As a role of "Resource" teacher can also show a short film without sound and

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asking pupils to discuss what dialogue they would expect to hear. Showing a scene from a film without sound and asking pupils to use the facial expression to determine emotion. Videos may be different such as parts of films, news comics or even short cartoons that can introduce new words.

Moreover, according to statistics the amount of vocabulary that children need to acquire each year is staggering in scope, estimated to be about 3,000 words a year. Therefore, a comprehensive approach was introduced to pedagogy which consists of the following components needs to be in place.

- Use "instructional" read-aloud events. The recommendation that parents and teachers read aloud to children is among the most popular recommendations in the field of reading.
- Systematically teach students the meaning of prefixes, suffixes, and root words. The majority of English words have been created through the combination of morphemic elements, that is, prefixes and suffixes with base words and word roots. Anderson and Freebody claimed that "If learners understand how this combinatorial process works, they possess one of the most powerful understandings necessary for vocabulary growth." By this idea it is clarified that using prefixes, suffixes, and root words to develop target vocabulary can accelerate learning process of new words.

By the way of conclusion, it should be mentioned that, There is no sure fire remedy or method to enhance vocabulary in a day or two. A student's vocabulary bank can be enriched on a gradual basis and one should always show keen interest and enthusiasm in finding, learning and understanding new words. Teaching vocabulary through incidental, intentional, and independent approaches requires teachers to plan a wide variety of activities and exercises.

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