# EVOLUTIONARY DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMARY MILITARIC PREPARATION IN UZBEKISTAN, PROSPECTIVE WAYS OF DEVELOPMENT AT THE MODERN STAGE

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## ABSTRACT

This article is devoted to a comprehensive overview of the evolutionary development of preservice training in Uzbekistan and updates at the modern stage. In independent Uzbekistan, defending the homeland is the most honorable task and places a great responsibility on military education officials. Therefore, this subject is taught with special care. Military education has gone through several stages since independence. The history of the military is also discussed below.

**Keywords:** military education, independence, patriotism, pre-service training, tank, laws.

### INTRODUCTION

It is no secret that one of the main directions of the policy of our state, which has achieved the centuries-old dream of the Uzbek people and gained independence, is to strengthen the defense and national security of independent Uzbekistan. From the first days of independence, the evolutionary basis of military training for the defense of the homeland has been gradually developing. Today, with the rapid application of the best inventions of science in the military and the high level of development, the importance of preparing young people for the defense of the Motherland is growing by itself. The rise of international terrorism and separatism in many countries, the elimination of the threat of global war and the emergence of local wars place new demands on the mental, physical and special training of soldiers. It requires him to behave appropriately in different situations and to quickly assess the situation, as well as to make the right decision, to be able to coordinate his actions with the actions of the division. New technology is radically changing the nature and methods of combat. This means that in the current situation, there must be military and specially trained military personnel in combat vehicles, tanks, aircraft helmets, anti-aircraft missile systems.

In the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Department of Military Education of the Minister of Defense are responsible for the general management and control over the pre-service training of young people. Control of pre-conscription military training Joint Staff of the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Ministry of Public Education, State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan for Physical Culture and Sports based on the plans of the Central Council of the organization and other relevant ministries and departments. After the independence of Uzbekistan, the VIII Extraordinary Congress of the Republican DOCAF, held on November 23, 1991, decided to establish the organization "Vatanparvar" to assist in the defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

The new charter of the organization was also approved. "Vatanparvar" was declared the legal successor of Uzbekistan DOCAF, and all organizations in its system were transferred to "Vatanparvar". The training of conscripts in military equipment is carried out in the educational institutions of the organization "Vatanparvar", which supports the defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Conscripts studying in secondary general and secondary special, vocational education institutions related to the specialties of military accounting in the field are trained directly in these institutions in the field of military equipment. Vatanparvar, an organization that supports the defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan, trains young people who have reached the age of seventeen and are due to be called up for military service. Currently, Vatanparvar, a defense organization, has councils in the Republic of Karakalpakstan, the city of Tashkent, 12 regions, 179 cities and districts. More than ten thousand primary organizations, organized in labor unions, educational institutions, and residential areas, have more than three and a half million members. Their activity is to prepare young people for work, to defend our Motherland, to develop their political and spiritual outlook, to educate them in the spirit of constant devotion to the rich history, glorious traditions and values of our people, to develop military and practical sports. In order to be ready to reliably defend our country from subversive extremist forces, we must always be vigilant and regularly prepare. Therefore, the defense organization "Vatanparvar" focuses on establishing practical cooperation with government and public organizations, physical training of young people, equipping them with military equipment, educating them to be resilient, resilient, resilient and spiritually mature. After all, the formation of a fast, well-equipped Armed Forces capable of reliably protecting the peace and tranquility of our country is a requirement of the times. Bringing up well-rounded, courageous, patriotic young men and women is a multifaceted task. Therefore, in order to further strengthen the feelings of mutual friendship, brotherhood and solidarity, to prevent various negative manifestations, "Courage protects the Motherland!", "Power is in justice", "Respect your comrade", "Military Conversations, meetings, contests on the theme "Spiritual image of the servant." The heroic struggles of our great ancestors for the liberation of the Motherland, the great representatives of history, the national heroes Shirak, Tomaris, Spitamen, Muganna, Mahmud Torobi and the great commanders Jaloliddin Manguberdi, Amir Temur, Zahiriddin Muhammad Babur, who are an important tool in the military patriotic education of youth. praise speeches and talks are being held. The purpose of such lectures and talks is to teach our youth to study the rich heritage of our ancestors, to serve in the Armed Forces is a constitutional duty of every citizen of Uzbekistan, to ensure the inviolability of the borders and peace of our country. is to inculcate in the minds of our people that the task is. At a time when the way of life, traditions, customs and universal values of our people are being revived due to independence, it is important to instill in young people a sense of homeland, to form their spirituality and educate them in the spirit of military patriotism. Our Uzbekistan deserves such respect. Because Musa al-Khwarizmi, Ahmad al-Farghani, Imam al-Bukhari, Abu Mansur al-Moturidi, Abu Ali ibn Sina, Abu Rayhan Beruni, Burhanuddin al-Marghinani, Ahmad Yassavi, who made a worthy contribution to world civilization. Our people are extremely proud of the presence of such great spiritual and enlightenment figures as Bahauddin Nagshband, Mirzo Ulugbek, Alisher Navoi, military geniuses such as Shirak, Spitamen, Muqanna, Jaloliddin

Manguberdi, Amir Jemur, Zahiriddin Muhammad Babur. On July 3, 1992, the Supreme Soviet of the Republic of Uzbekistan adopted the Laws "On Defense", "On General Conscription and Military Service", and "On Alternative Service". and on the same day the text of the "Military Oath" was also confirmed. The first stage of creating the legal framework for the construction of the Armed Forces was completed on August 30, 1995 at the III session of the Parliament of the Republic of Uzbekistan of the I convocation with the adoption of the Military Doctrine of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The doctrine is a system of official views and rules that determine the direction of military construction, the preparation of the country and the Armed Forces for war, the ways of war. It is developed by the political leadership of the state, and its main directions are related to the development of the productive forces, the level of scientific achievements, and the perception of a possible war. The completion of the first stage of the formation of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan coincided with the XI session of the Supreme Soviet of the Republic of Uzbekistan on December 8, 1992. At this session, the Basic Law of our state - the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan was adopted. This encyclopedia became the basic law that strengthened the legal status of the Armed Forces in the country, defining its main tasks and historical duties. Chapter XXVI of the Constitution deals with defense and security. Article 125 states: "The Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan shall be established to protect the state sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the peaceful life and security of the population." According to Article 52 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "the protection of the Republic of Uzbekistan is the duty of every citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan." From the first days of independence, the Republic of Uzbekistan has paid great attention to the economic, political and social development of the country, strengthening peace and stability in the country and the Central Asian region. This problem can be solved only on the condition of reliable protection of the country's defense power and national security, which can be achieved through the implementation of a single state policy in the system of economic, political, legal, organizational and military measures. The document containing these measures is a military doctrine adopted by the Parliament of the Republic of Uzbekistan on August 30, 1995. Thus, in the fourth year of its existence in practice, the young independent state developed its own science-based military doctrine. During the last five years of the twentieth century, taking into account the geopolitical situation in the world, the region and the country, the current military doctrine was developed and implemented in 2000 as a defense doctrine. The Defense Doctrine of the Republic of Uzbekistan is a major document of national importance. It is an important part of the state strategy and reflects the basic, leading, officially accepted views and rules of military theory and practice, which are based on military policy, the direction of military activity and military construction, and are mandatory for military personnel. Uzbekistan's defense doctrine covers the current military-political situation in the Central Asian region, hidden sources of military threat, major military strategic tasks, principles of construction and conditions of use of the Armed Forces, preparation of the Armed Forces, people and country for defense. These principles of the Defense Doctrine play an important role in ensuring the unity of views on understanding and addressing defense issues. Articles 12-17 of the Law on General Conscription and Military Service deal with the preparation of citizens for military service. It also outlines the work to be done by the Ministry

of Defense of the Republic of Uzbekistan, as well as other relevant ministries and organizations in the preparation of conscripts for military service. Article 13 of the law stipulates that this subject is compulsory and at what stages it is passed to students of secondary schools, academic lyceums and professional colleges, as well as to ensure the security of the country and the stable life of the population. The organization of defense-sports-health camps by local authorities for low-achieving students was noted.

### CONCLUSION

Today, educating young people in the spirit of patriotism is a priority in the state policy aimed at raising a comprehensively developed generation. Accordingly, applicants who have served in the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan and have a relevant recommendation from the command of the military unit will receive a 50% discount on admission to higher education institutions. The head of our state Sh.M. Mirziyoyev's April 4, 2017 "President of the Republic of Uzbekistan May 31, 2012" Additional measures to improve the system of benefits for citizens who have served in the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan, The Resolution "On Amendments to the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan" was a practical manifestation of the efforts in this direction. There is no doubt that such benefits provided to citizens who have completed their military service will be a special incentive for our young people to further enhance the prestige of military service, to acquire thorough knowledge and training during military service.

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