

UZBEK FOLK PROVERBS AND ENGLISH FOLK PROVERBS EDUCATIONAL IMPORTANCE

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ANNOTATION

In this article is discussed educational importance of Uzbek and English proverbs and comparison of cultural education.

Keywords: Uzbek language, English, proverb, education, genre, meaning, translation

INTRODUCTION

A proverb (from Latin: proverbium) is a simple and insightful, traditional saying that expresses a perceived truth based on common sense or experience. Proverbs are often metaphorical and use formulaic language. Collectively, they form a genre of folklore. Centuries polished among the people during the twentieth century and took a concise and simple poetic form. We marvel at the beauty of every language, the subtlety of our speech, the logic of our intellect and thinking. Such art drops that have demonstrated and can reach a power of our people it is a mirror of centuries of life experiences and lifestyle. This his attitude to life, nature, man, family and society, socio-political, spiritual-enlightenment, moral-aesthetic and philosophical views in the artistic mirror, in short, himself and his identity may have been fully manifested.

That is why proverbs are so common which has been used for centuries in live speech and interpersonal communication, in artistic, historical and scientific works, and in political and journalistic literature and is being used also.

METHODOLOGY

Over the years, between the epochs, new ones have been created, and the range of meanings of the old ones - those that exist in living communication and language - has expanded or narrowed. Even a certain part of them has been forgotten. While proverbs express centuries-old life experiences, the conclusion of constant daily observations in a strictly polarized way as a complete thought, they are dominated by the diversity of meaning of each word, the stability of expressions, the stability of form. But depending on the place of application, their range of meaning is constantly expanding. That is why every word in the article needs special attention. They have words that have historically had completely different meanings meaning. In addition, each nation has its own religious beliefs, lifestyle, culture, and worldview, which they are partially reflected in the articles studied in folklore. One of the factors that reflects the culture of the nation, the national values of the identity of the people, is the oral art of the people, which is unique to this nation. Proverbs, one of the most important genres of folklore and one of the most important genres of folklore, are one of the most important topics in linguistics and folklore. The study of proverbs, one of the most important genres of folklore,

and folk art in general, is of great importance today. Folklore scholars have been studying proverbs for centuries in their distant lands have been organizing expeditions and compiling unique articles from the vernacular on various topics from year to year. Proverbs are examples of the wisdom of the peoples of the world gathered over the years. Proverbs have been used by people with respect to the concepts of education, at the expense of the most important wealth left by their ancestors. A nation that emerged as a unique phenomenon of language, philosophy, and art proverbs are a concise form of folklore, but with a deeper meaning. Literary interest in the article in Uzbek folklore, the work use it to enhance the art and to ensure the fluency of the artistic language has always been the focus of word artists. The article is literary interest from the point of view, enhancing the artistry of the work and ensuring the fluency of the artistic language its use is the focus of all time word artists which was.

Yusuf Khas Hajib, Ahmad Yassavi, Rabguzi, Lutfi, Alisher Navoi, Bobur Abulgozi Bahodirkhan, Munis, Ogahi, Nodira, Muqimi, Furqat, Avaz, Hamza, Sadridin Ayni, Fitrat, Cholpon, Abdulla Qodiri, Oybek, Ghafur Ghulam and others if the works of dozens of artists are carefully studied, how many are in their composition sure how many proverbs exist, sometimes exactly, sometimes unchanged we do English folk proverbs are just as good as Uzbek folk proverbs is perfect and one of the best examples of folklore. The main purpose of our work is to translate English folk proverbs into English the history of study in linguistics is very important. Scientists who have worked in this field, and studying what they did strengthens our subject. That's it Here are some of the work done by British scientists. Proverbs of nations with the same language and culture are also intertwined will be close. The people of England and all the countries of Western Europe are oral in the creation and distribution of proverbs, the so-called Bible book of proverbs Bible's place is huge. The book is a collection of English folk proverbs proverbs quoted by ancestors in ancient times. Lots of English The article is commented on by scholars as follows. Famous English Professor Mayder, a folklorist, explains the proverb as follows: "Proverbs are used in a wide range of situations and no limits to the use of the proverb. They can be used to: "strengthen our arguments, express certain generalizations, influence or manipulate other people, rationalize our own shortcomings, question certain behavioral patterns, satirize social ills, poke fun at ridiculous situations". That is, "Proverbs are so widely used that there is no limit to their use. Proverbs reinforce our arguments, our general and clear opinions to express, to control or influence other people, in society expression of faults".

DISCUSSION

No matter what language or ethnic group we collect proverbs from, there are similarities between them and we can see significant differences. The similarities are that The issue of upbringing is very important to each other, regardless of religion or nationality similar Upbringing is almost the same in every family. But religions are different, nations are different the specificity of the will causes differences. Below we analyze a number of English and Uzbek articles:

"Early to bed and early to rise" Erta turganga xudo beradi

In both nations, the day of the one who wakes up early is blessed.

You have made bed, and you must lie on it. “Har kim ekkanini o’rar”

As a man sows, so shall he reap.

“O’z pishirgan oshingni aylanib ham, o’rgilib ham o’zing ye”

In English: The nearer the Church, the farther from God

If we translate this proverb, it means: cherkovga yaqinlashgan sari Xudodan uzoqlashar. But in Uzbek this proverb is equal to “Besh vaqt namozini tark etmas, Harom-xarishni farq etmas”

CONCLUSION

We have limited ourselves to the analysis of some articles above. But religious, cultural, comparative analysis of ethical similarities, especially in English and Uzbek proverbs The number of articles worth doing is incomparable. Folklore of each nation when we look at the proverbial genre that is considered, we see how unique this genre is we see that In short, it doesn't matter what language or culture it is We are sure that proverbs are a rich genre with a very deep meaning.

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