

HARM OF SYNTHETIC AND NARCOTIC SUBSTANCES

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ANNOTATION

In this article, we will discuss drugs and their unlawful circulation, the vast range of harm that synthetic and narcotic substances can cause to a person's overall health, as well as many drugs and synthetic drug varieties.

Keywords: Synthetic and narcotic substances, drugs, harm, human body.

INTRODUCTION

Human life is fraught with perils and challenges. Natural disasters, terrorism, interpersonal violence, other tragically large-scale unfortunate occurrences all contribute to substantial population deprivation.

It's also worth noting that the number of different types of medications and their effects has grown significantly in recent years. Worst of all, different psychotropic medications in different parts of the world have marketing gaps. Many sorts of illegal drug circulation today spread their effects throughout a broad spectrum of people, from young liars to the elderly. Although there are some restrictions on the poison, which is now distributed by large criminal drug organizations, its circulation is deplorable. Anyone can fall victim to the harmful effects of harmful drugs: from schoolchildren to the unemployed to business, from hooligans to the mother of three children. It is worth noting that these secret crimes are all commercial empires, and that no government in the world can be described as high-quality in its fight against them. Why is the effect of a high dose, which can result in death, so dangerous? It all depends on the type of drug: the identification of its pharmacological group and type of origin helps to identify specific symptoms or to predict the exact consequences as a result of the use of this or that intoxicating substance. But in general, one thing can be said is that by any possible means to the human body, that is, by injection, intravenously, orally or by inhalation, the dead substance spreads to the whole body through active circulation with lightning speed and causes extensive damage to the general condition of the person:

- absorption into tissues and destruction of muscle compounds, toxic substances cause strong damage to the physical health of a person;
- paving the way for internal organs, the killer agent leads to their early dysfunction and possible extensive sepsis;
- the drug, which affects the central nervous system, causes irreparable harm to the mental health of the user.
- In addition, in the current period, various drugs are on the increase. Let's briefly touch on some of them.

Analgesics (analgesics) are pain-relieving or-reducing medications. Narcotic and narcotic analgesics are characterized by their pharmacological activity. Morphine, omnopon, and its

synthetic variants are narcotic analgesics (promedol, phenadone, etc.). They also cause severe pain in a variety of situations, including as accidents and other ailments. When a person takes pharmacological analgesics on a regular basis, they acquire habituated to them and develop Sandy, which can lead to addiction.

Analgesics are synthetic compounds with a different chemical structure than medicines (amidopyrine, analgin, phenacetin, acetylsalicylic acid, paracetamol, etc.). The analgesic effect of this kind of analgesics is weaker than that of narcotic analgesics, it is used mainly in pain in the tone of neuralgia, in myalgia (inflammation of the muscles), in tooth and headache. Narcotic analgesics help not only to relieve pain, but also to reduce fever and eliminate inflammation.

Morphine. This drug is used to relieve the simple stage of pain. Morphine is a non-narcotic pain reliever (opium). It functions inside the brain to alter the way the body perceives and responds to pain.

Omnopon. This drug increases pain sensitivity, inhibits conditional reflexes, induces euphoria, and has a moderate sleeping and central cough suppressant effect, increases the tone of the misguided nerve center, induces pupil narrowing due to activation of the nerve center acting on the eye, calms intestinal peristalsis, inhibits secretory activity, slightly lowers main metabolism and body temperature, stimulate the release of oxytocin When Omnopon is injected under the skin, the analgesic effect takes 10-15 minutes to develop and lasts for 3-5 hours.

Promedol. It affects the upper regions of the brain and modifies the emotional appearance of pain by disrupting the neuron conduction of pain impulses at various levels of the central nervous system. It is similar to morphine in terms of pharmacological properties: variables affecting pain in multiple modalities increase pain sensitivity to mucus, block conditioned reflexes, and have a modest sleeping effect. It soothes the respiratory center to a lesser amount than morphine and causes less nausea and vomiting. Moderately spasmolytic, with a strong effect in increasing uterine tone. Promotes the opening of the cervix during childbirth, increases the tone and contraction activity of the myometrium.

The adverse effects of the main types of medications and their impacts on the human body are shown in the chemical compounds obtained in their internal composition. Artificial medicines are frequently created in laboratories by synthesizing inexpensive, dangerous chemicals. Consider that they contain sulfur, a bleaching chemical commonly used in homes, and that only iodine, which is used externally, and even gasoline are allowed to enter the mix. Consider what would happen to a person's internal organs if this explosive concoction were to explode inside them.

Synthetic medications are even more dangerous than natural ones. Gallutsinations generated by the use of synthetic agents can lead to a state of drug intoxication and, as a result, suicide, despite the fact that their dose limit is much larger than that of opium and natural psychotropes. For the same reason, the possibility of raising the dose is minimized. The following are the most common types of synthetic drugs:

- opioids - methadone and heroin powder;
- amphetamines - "ecstasy", "speed" and others.
- psychedelics-LSD stamps, salt powder;
- thrancvilizers-barbiturates and similar hypnosis;

- inhalers-benzene, solvents, dyes.

Opiates are examples of strong medications. Although they are frequently derived from plants, such as poppies and poppies, their effect is heavily determined by a person's central nervous system. These medicines, which were initially designed for medicinal usage to relieve acute pain, are now illegally utilized to make powerful narcotics. The drug user dies when they overdose on narcotics like heroin, morphine, desomorphine, or codeine.

Injectable liquid solutions are one of the most potent types of medications. Methamphetamine, opium, and ephedrine, prepared from scratch or acetylated if necessary, heated on a spoon, shot into a syringe, and injected intramuscularly or directly into a vein. When drug addicts are at the end of their addiction, when smoking and pill sublimations are no longer an option, they turn to steroids.

The United States, the United Kingdom, Canada, Switzerland, Holland, West Germany, and Japan have all advocated for tighter controls on the production of organic raw materials and illegal commerce. They have faced limited constraints in the manufacture and marketing of medical research or medications developed as the primary producers of synthetic psychoactive drugs in a carefully regulated industry.

It's also worth noting that the types and distribution of narcotic narcotics are classified as banned actions under the Criminal Code, and are punishable by imprisonment. Medicine manufacturing, acquisition, and storage are all categorized as independent things. Arrests are not made solely on the basis of such behavior. Anyone who synthesizes pharmaceuticals in a laboratory, then purchases them from a laboratory assistant, and then stores the medicine at home, which is sick, is liable. It is another crime committed by the lower levels of the incumbent who, known as the organized crime empire for the sale and distribution of drugs. Propaganda and suggestions cannot even be taken as an example of a harmful substance and are punishable by law.

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